Data Analytics... ... and the CIO

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Data Analytics

A New Imperative

"Advanced Analytics is a top-ten priority for CIOs, rising in position every year this past decade."



- → IT must transition from "Running The Shop" to "Driving Value"
- → IT is uniquely positioned to deliver Enterprise-wide value
- → CIOs are uniquely positioned to discover and promote Enterprise-wide projects
- Data Analytics have a high ROI
- Innovation = a way to differentiate from competitors
- → Bottom line: Extract More Value from Data!







The Enterprise Perspective

Analytics Across Departments

"My projects are department and subjectdriven, but my data is enterprise-level."



- → The Enterprise Perspective means
 Integrate ... then Analyze ... then Summarize
 A classic Departmental Approach means
 Analyze ... then Summarize ... then Integrate
- → Example: Departmental Thinking gives a Dashboard that simply says 102% sales target, 97% on-time delivery to stores
- → Basic existing investments already in place, therefore value-added Analytics are low hurdle, high value
- → The CIO's perspective and position in the organization makes Advanced Analytics an imperative







What is **Decision Valuation?**

Optimizing choices along multiple dimensions

"What decision is being optimized? What are the choices and 'expected value' of each choice?"



Yes/No answers to single-hypothesis questions

TRADITIONAL Approach

Classic yes/no decision-making

"Decision Valuation"

Continuum of answers to continuously-variable conditions

Vary the Answer AND the Conditions simultaneously

"Decision Valuation" is about reconciling these two approaches







But first, a personal story ...

A Moment of Epiphany

Early in my career ...
I was asked ...



"James, we have money for 50,000 mailings. Give me top 50,000 names."

WRONG QUESTION

I thought to myself ...

Why 50,000 mailings? Why not 49,000 or 51,000?

What other promotional options do we have?

At what point does COST of promotion exceed expected value?

What is competitive response to the promotion likely to be?







Decision Valuation: "How To"

Common Steps

- 1 Ask the right questions
 - Parse the ROI Equation and Align with Corp Priorities
 - 3 Optimize the answer using Analytics
 - Deploy the answer
 - Think about qualitative issues (moral hazard, competitor response, etc.)







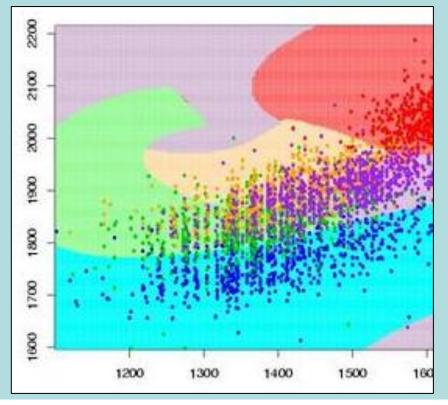
Example #1: Customer Churn

Asking The Right Questions

- → What is expected value to KEEP the customer?
- → What is PROBABILITY of leaving (do not use a simple Yes/No prediction)
- → What is the accuracy of the model for true/false detection?
- → What is COST OF REMEDIATION (stratified by customer type) ?

"Give me a list of clients most likely to leave."

WRONG QUESTION









The Churn Prediction Grid

How are the lines drawn?

- 1. Line **0**'s position = FACT
- 2. Line **2**'s position = Statistical Best Guess

Actual

OK



Actual Churn **Predicted OK**

Good

(happy customer, good revenue) **WANT MORE!**



Bad

(missed opportunity to retain the account) Bad

Predicted Churn

(Cost incentives to stay, when they wouldn't have left anyway)

Good

(knowledge allows timely intervention) **WANT MORE!**







The Churn Prediction Grid

Predicted OK

Predicted Churn

What's WRONG with classic approach?

- Line ②'s
 position is
 'continuous' not
 'binary'
- 2. Each customer has different expected value, cost, response, etc.

Actual

OK

Good

(happy customer, good revenue)

WANT MORE!

Bad

(Cost incentives to stay, when they wouldn't have left anyway)



Actual Churn

Bad

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(knowledge allows timely intervention) **WANT MORE!**



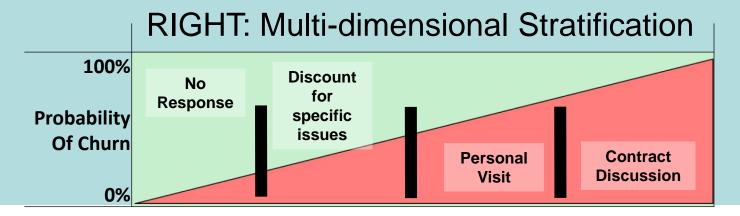




A Continuum of Response

Remember, Line 2's position = a function of the quality of the churn detection algorithm











A Sample Equation

Expected Value = benefit - cost

Benefit = expected value per customer retained **X**probability that customer will respond to the remediation **X**actual # of predicted churn clients who would have churned*

Cost = cost of remediation per client X
total # of clients predicted to churn

In a "Decision Valuation" approach, ALL of these components of the ROI are multidimensional and nonlinear

* Those who were predicted to churn but did not (false positives) cost you time and money in wasted remediation effort, among other unintended maladies.





Decision Valuation | Steps | Examples | What's Next?



Other Examples

Asking The Right Questions

Decision Valuation means

- enterprise perspective on the data
- multidimensional nonlinear models
- find 'expected values' of multiple choices



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What causes Analytical projects to fail to deliver?

Hint: It's not the technology ...

Rarely is the choice of the *analytical methods* (mining, regression, CART, etc.) related to project failure

- The scope of information used in the analysis is limited (departmental, not enterprise)
- The wrong questions are asked
- Frequency: The model is not kept up-to-date
 Latency: The data is very old when the model is built
- The results are not deployed to the right process, audience, or situation for decision-making







What's Next?

Start Now...

- Rethink or discard "binary thinking" about Decisions. Extend the original problem statement by reframing the questions.
- Use your position in IT or as a CIO to provide a unique Enterprise-Analytics perspective to important questions.
- Connect what are currently independent decisions into a common framework.
- Look for Qualitative factors in integrating Decision Valuation thinking to your company.
- Pick some high-impact, easily quantified examples to start building a Decision Valuation culture and expectation.





A three-point summary ...

- 1. You have a unique perspective
 - across departments
 - access to C-level peers and the Board
- 2. You have complex issues don't be reluctant to tackle them with Data Analytics
- 3. Build a program that can span the business and technology sides of Advanced Analytics



Thank You

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