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Tools in a Clinical Information System
Supporting Clinical Trials at a Swiss University Hospital
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Background

- Issues concerning inadequate source data of clinical trials rank 2\textsuperscript{nd} in the most common findings by regulatory authorities.

- The increasing use of electronic clinical information systems (CIS) by healthcare providers offers an opportunity to facilitate and improve the conduct of clinical trials and the source documentation.
Methods (1)

In 2011/2012 a set of tools was developed and implemented into the CIS of the University Hospital Zurich (USZ) to support clinical research, including:

- a trial registry for documenting metadata on the clinical trials conducted at the hospital,
- a patient-trial-assignment-tool to tag patients in the electronic medical charts as participants of specific trials,
- medical record templates for the documentation of study visits and trial related procedures,
- online queries on trials and trial participants,
Methods (2)

In 2011/2012 a set of tools was developed and implemented into the CIS of the University Hospital Zurich (USZ) to support clinical research, including:

- **access** to the electronic medical records for clinical monitors,
- an **alerting** tool to notify of hospital admissions of trial participants,
- queries to **identify potentially eligible patients** in the planning phase as trial feasibility checks and during the trial as recruitment support, and
- predefined **sets of orders** for vital signs, laboratory analyses, drug prescriptions and treatments to facilitate the complete and accurate performance of study visit procedures.
Medical record templates

- Patienten-Information
- PDF Import
- Protokoll ethisches Standortgespräch
- Prozedere Tumorboard
- Rezepte
- Todesfallfeststellung / Ärztliche Todesbescheinigung
- Studien
  - Screening-Visite-Studie
  - Verlaufs-Visite-Studie
  - Notiz-Studie
  - Verlaufseintrag
Medical record templates

Screening-Visite: vom 07.08.2013

Leistungserfassung

Studiennname: KEK-Nummer: Studienende:

Kurztitel: Studienbeginn:

Kontaktperson: Principal Investigator:

Cave/Hinweise:

Einschlusskriterien

Ausschlusskriterien

Abweichungen zum Studienprotokoll

Anamnese

Medikamente

Externe Laborwerte

Status

Schwangerschaft: □ Ja □ Nein □ n.a.

Beschreibung der Visite:

Einschluss in Studie: □ Ja □ Nein

Beilagen

Fügen Sie ein Objekt hinzu, indem Sie es mit der Maus in dieses Feld ziehen!
Hospital admission alert

= optional alert feature in the CIS to the Principal Investigator/Study Team Member about hospital admissions of trial participants

Background

- **Reporting duty**: it is legally required by the „Humanforschungsgesetz“ HFG that serious adverse events (SAEs) occurred in *clinical trials and non-clinical research projects* have to be reported in tight timelines to sponsor/regulatory authorities

- **Safety**: depending on the study intervention a timely contact between PI and treating physicians can be important in case of emergencies

- **Design**: Hospitalisations may be an study endpoint (e.g. re-hospitalisation studies) or hospitalisations should trigger study specific procedures (e.g. blood drawings in cohort studies)
Hospital admission alert

Internes Mail


Von: AGENT KISIM <ZZCISAGE>

An: Empfänger gleichzeitig anschreiben

Patient: eKardex518 Schulung, 18.06.1955

Betreff: Add-on Cetuximab (RAO): Aktueller Eintritt Studienpatient

Der in der Beilage aufgeführte Studienpatient (Teilnahme an der Studie "Add-on Cetuximab (RAO)"") ist am 02.10 stationär eingetreten. Nach diesem Mail eingegangene allfällige Änderungen oder Stornierungen des Eintritts wurden nicht berücksichtigt.

Beilagen:

Rechtsklick: Direktes Öffnen des Falles

PatientIn/Fall: Patient S. eKardex518, geb. 18.06.1955, #T100518, Fall 900000518

Aktuelle Größe: 0 KB  Max Größe: 5000 KB
Results

The number of approximately **100 new registrations per year** in the voluntary CIS trial registry now matches the numbers of the existing mandatory USZ trial registry.
Results

The yearly numbers of **patients tagged as trial participants** increased to 2408 documented trial-enrolments the year 2013.
Results

The use of the **standardized trial record templates** increased to 190 reports generated/month in the year 2013.
Results

Access for clinical monitors:
Accounts for 32 clinical monitors have been established in the first two years monitoring a total of 49 trials in 16 clinical departments.

Hospital admission alerts:
Fifteen months after adding the optional feature of hospital admission alerts of trial participants, 107 running trials have activated this option, including 48 out of 97 studies (49.5 %) registered in the year 2013, generating approximately 85 alerts per month.
Conclusion

- The popularity of the presented CIS tools illustrates their potential to facilitate the conduct of clinical trials.

- The tools allow for enhanced transparency on trials conducted at the hospital.

- Future studies on monitoring and inspection findings may evaluate their impact on quality and safety.