# Screening and Referral to Pelvic Rehabilitation for Pelvic Floor Dysfunction: BEYOND KEGELS

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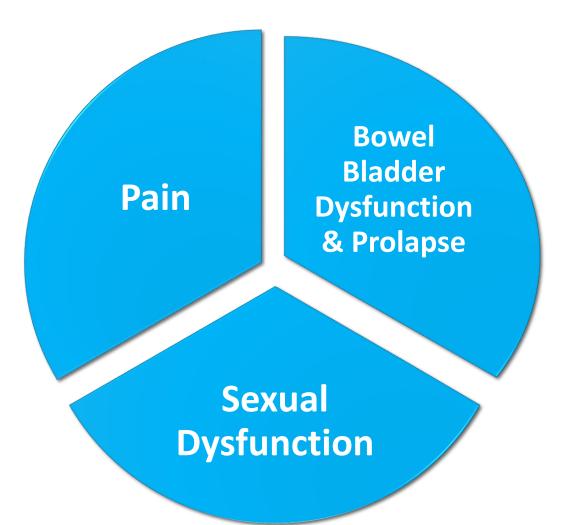
# **Objectives:**

•To help the clinician to learn how to identify patients with pelvic floor dysfunction

•To introduce basic screening of the musculoskeletal system when evaluating patients with pain or incontinence

•To provide helpful tips for knowing when a patient is appropriate for Pelvic Physical Therapy

#### **From a Pelvic PT Practice Standpoint**



#### Physical Therapy Down There? WHO does that?



#### **Demystifying the Musculoskeletal!**

Why, What, How?



# **Typical UI Primary Medical Assessment**

#### **Evaluative Tools:**

- History & Physical
- •Labs

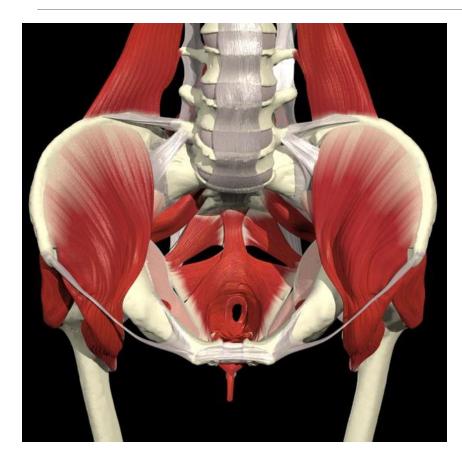
#### **Differential Diagnosis:**

- Infection focused
- Viscera focused
- Overlapping conditions

 Inconsistent/unclear patient information What else can be assessed and addressed?



#### What about the musculoskeletal structures?



#### **Pelvic Floor Muscles**

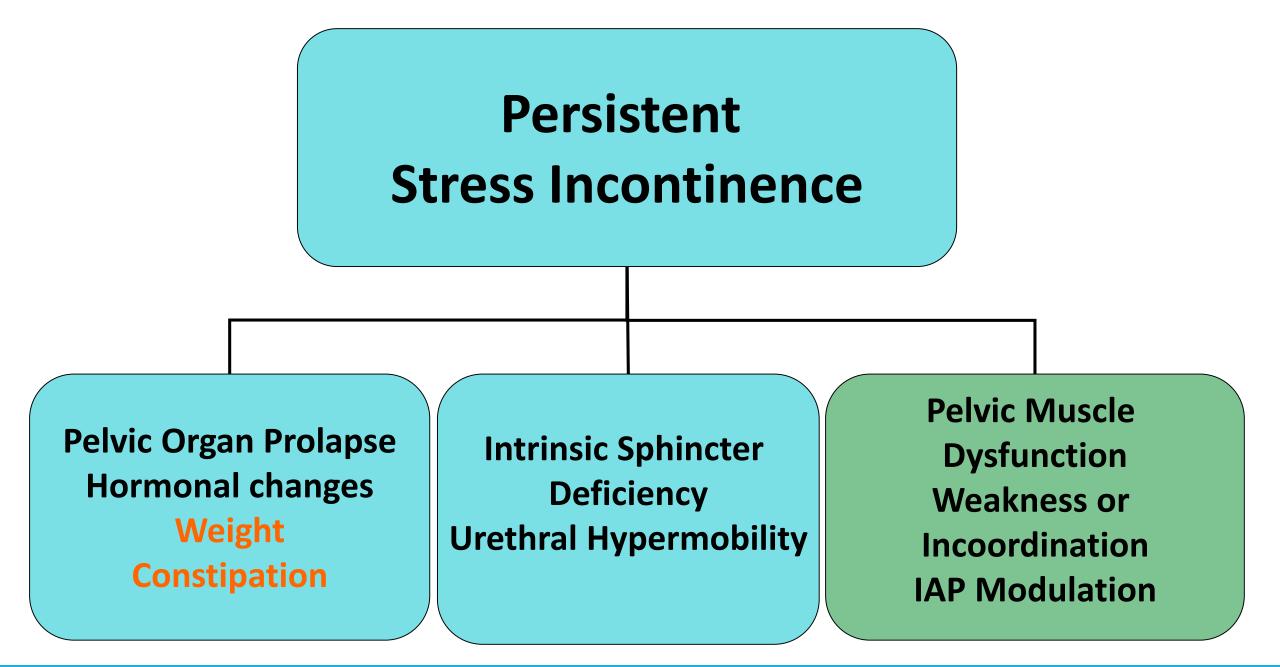
- •Functional unit of the PF
- Can be affected by injury or illness
- •Do not spontaneously rehabilitate

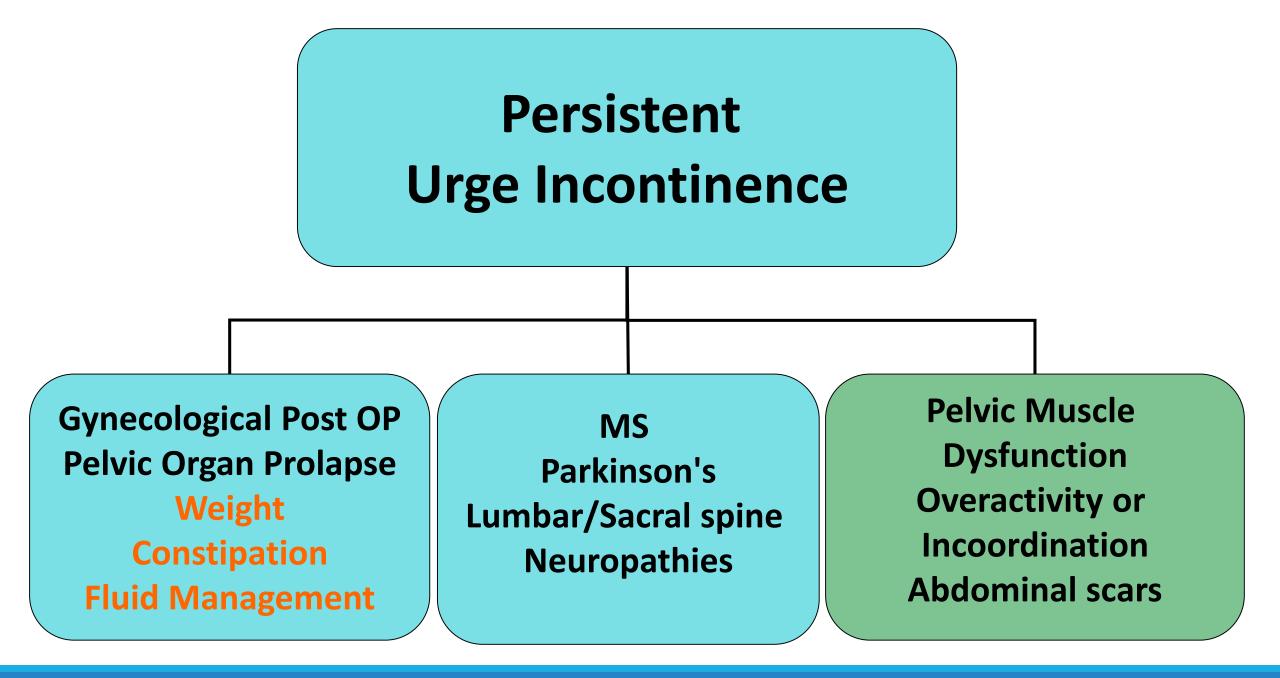
# **Screening Before PT Referrals**

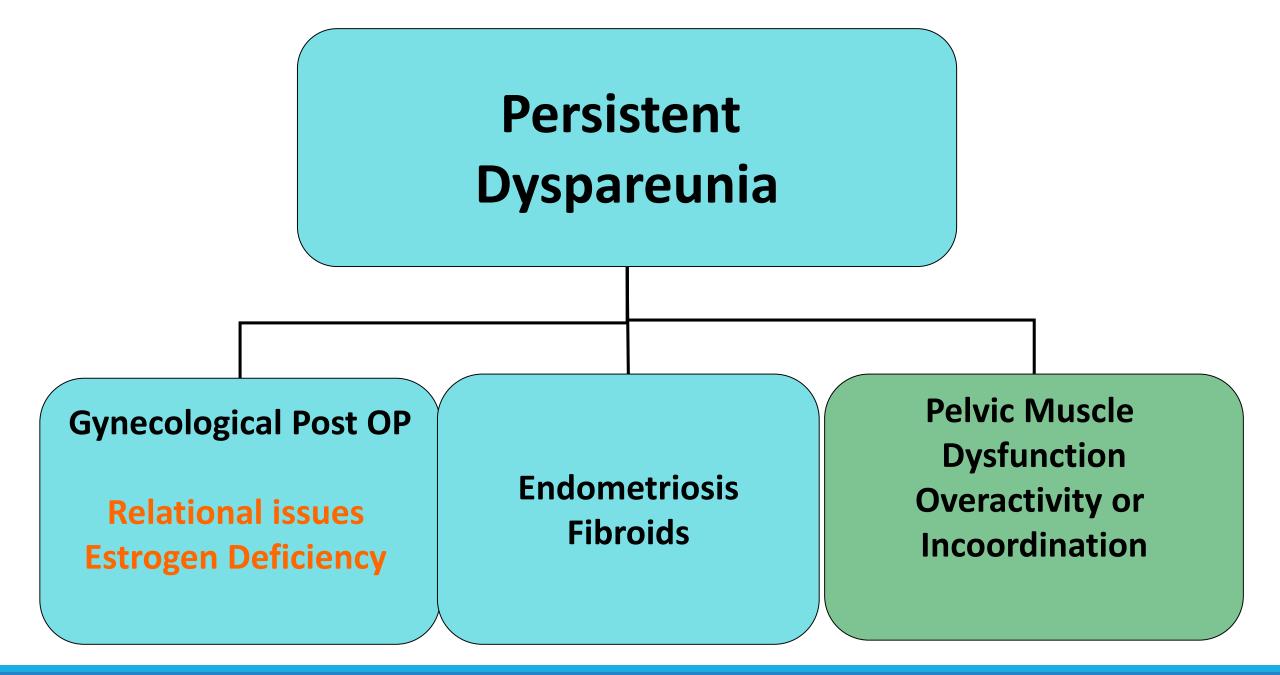
- •UTI's
- Vaginal Infections
- Pelvic Organ Prolapse
- Hesitancy or Retention
- •Med changes and other factors related to UI onset [DIAPPERS]

# Pelvic Exam

- clear for
  - masses/dermopathy
  - ID for Pain/Prolapse







#### But...What is normal?



# **Pelvic Floor Dysfunction**



# **Defining Pelvic Floor Muscle Dysfunction**

#### **Underactive Pelvic Floor**

- Pelvic organ prolapse
- Incontinence

   urinary &/or fecal
   stress
  - urgemixed

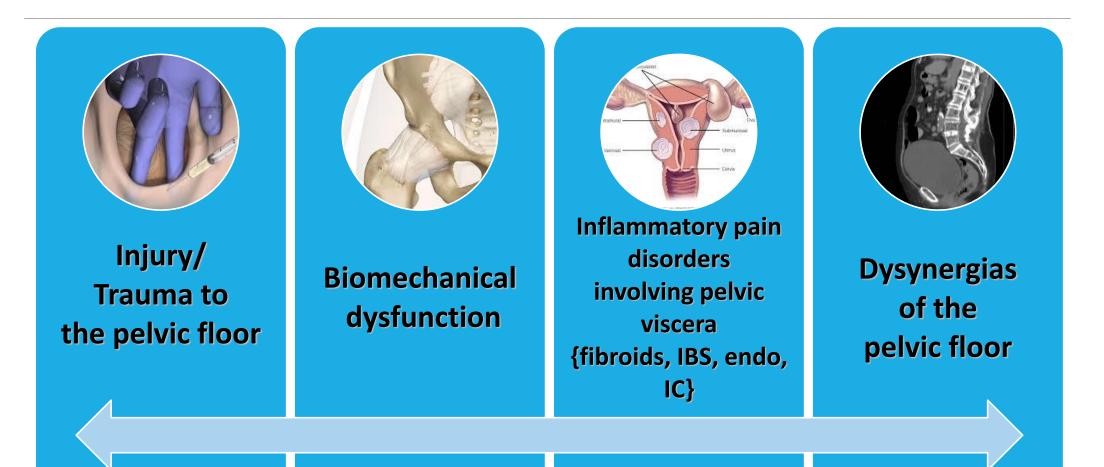
#### **Overactive Pelvic Floor**

(aka: Pelvic Floor Tension Myalgia)

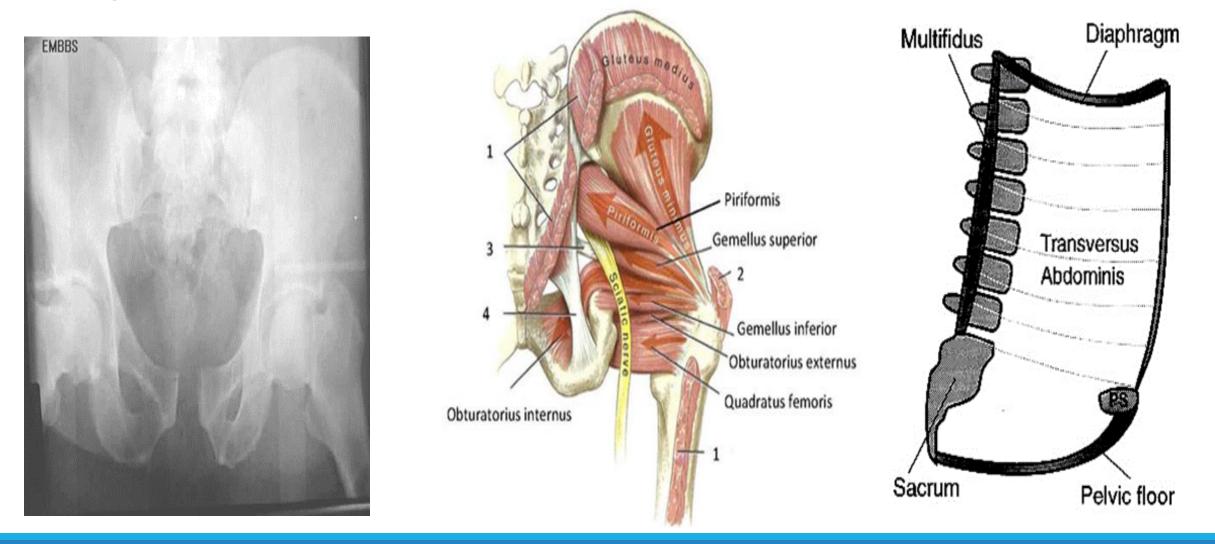
- •Pelvic pain syndromes:
  - vulvo/vestibulodynia, IC, vaginismus, dyspareunia, coccydynia, anismus
- Urgency/frequency
- Urinary retention
- Outlet constipation

...incontinence can also exist...

# What can go wrong down there?



#### Joint Integrity /Biomechanics of Lumbar Spine, Hip & Abdomen



# When NOT to teach Kegels???

Pain with contractionPain with sex, during or afterPain on pelvic exam (lateral walls)Inability to release or relax the muscle

**Patient may have Overactive PF Muscles** 



# What to Ask Your Patient

Have they had problems or Recent Changes Bowel, Bladder and Sexual function? If yes, ask about...

- Vaginal introitus pressure/notice a bulge?
- •Urgency/Frequency Day/Night?
- •Leak with activity or urge?
- •Leak Volume: Drops/Tsp/Tbs/Cup?
- Hesitation or low flow or feeling of incomplete emptying

# What to Ask Your Patient

Have they had problems or Recent Changes Bowel, Bladder and Sexual function? If yes, ask about...

 If Sexual Dysfunction onset/consistency/desire/arousal/orgasm/post coital pain?

 If Bowel – stool consistency/supplements/pain or pressure relieved with BM/tailbone pain/sitting pain?

# What to avoid saying...

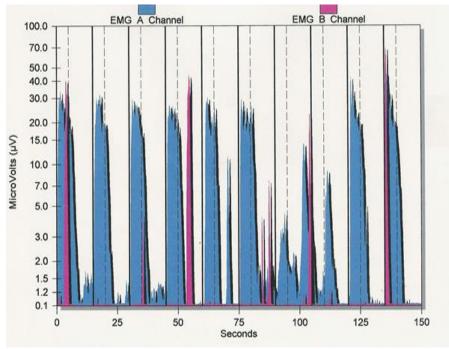
- "Your Vagina is too tiny, too tight, too loose, labia too big" "Your Bladder has dropped/Your uterus is falling out"
- "Your vagina is dry"
- "Your muscles are so weak"
- "You had a huge stage IV tear, took forever to sew up"
- "Just relax, have a glass of wine"

## **Pelvic PT Interventions for Stress Incontinence**

- Neuromotor coordination training
- Manage Pressures
- Functional training







#### **Pelvic PT Interventions for Urge Incontinence**

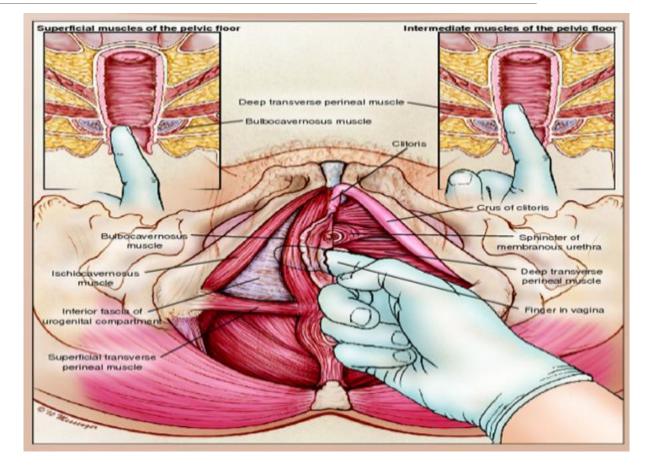
#### Neuromotor coordination

- Behavioral management
  - fluid regulation
  - urge suppression
  - bladder training
- Down training of sympathetic nervous system



#### **Pelvic PT Interventions for Pelvic Pain**

- Manual therapies
- •Self Care stretches hip/pelvis/abdomen
- Behavioral management
  - ID Triggers and have treatment plan
- •Down training of sympathetic nervous system

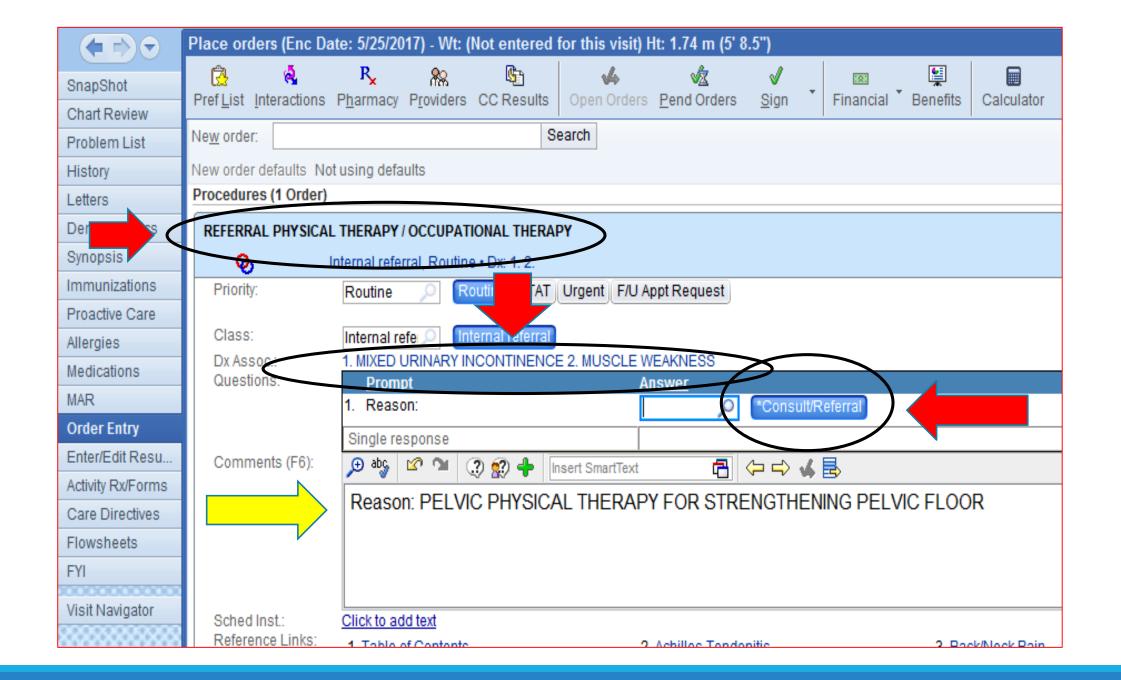


# **Referral To Pelvic Physical Therapy ? If so...START HERE...**



# **Pelvic Physical Therapy Program**

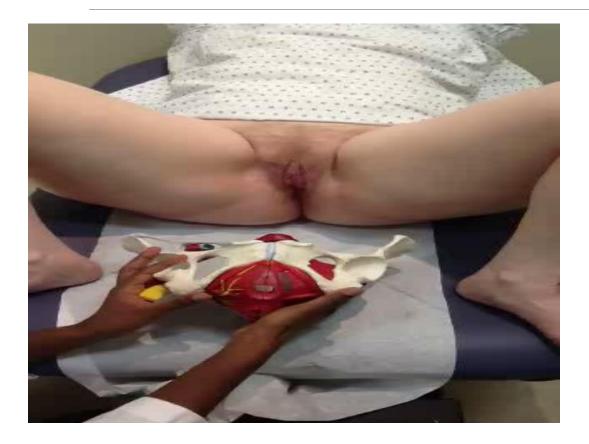
- Very patient driven
- •Visits are every 1-3 weeks
- •60 min evaluation and 30/45 min returns
- Usually 4-6 visits
- •Closed door room treatments
- 45 trained therapists here SCal



# MD Screening Tools for Pelvic Muscle Dysfunction in Incontinence

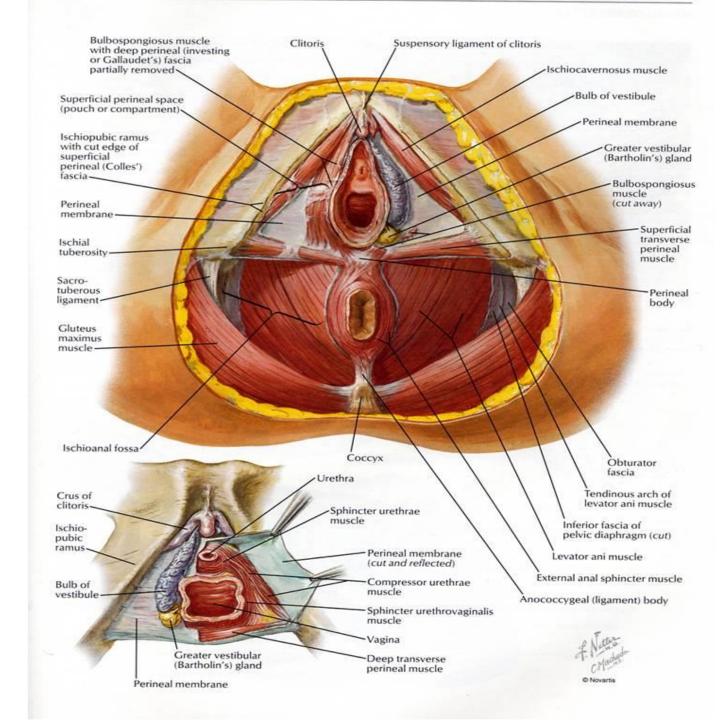


#### **1. Perineal and Internal PF Assessment**





"Pelvic floor muscles for the physician are like that no name town you fly over on your way to some place important..."



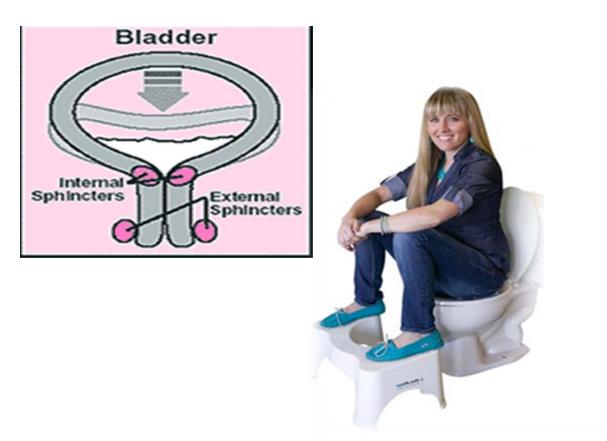
#### Video of Correct Contraction

#### **Verbal Cueing:**

- Close and lift
- Up and in
- Zip up vaginal jeans
- Do not breath hold
- Stopping flow of urine

# **Education leads to Self Efficacy**

- •Explain Bladder/Bowel function
- Discuss Fluid regulation
- Discuss Toileting mechanics
- Discuss Expectations for improvement



## 2. Gross Musculoskeletal Screen





## Self Help Aids: DVD's, Apps, Home Biofeedback

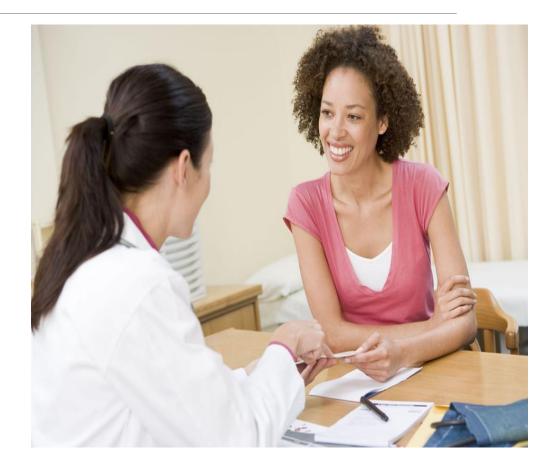






# What PF Dysfunction Patients Need

- Information about their problem
  Appropriate expectations
  Management/Follow Up
  Motivation
- Assurance



# In Summary....

 Look, listen and ask about bladder & bowel incontinence, sexual functioning & pain

 Integrate pelvic floor muscular screening into your physical exam

 Pelvic physical therapy can be a first-line treatment option for bowel & bladder incontinence

# The magic is not in the medicine but in the patient's body – in the recuperative or self-corrective energy of nature.