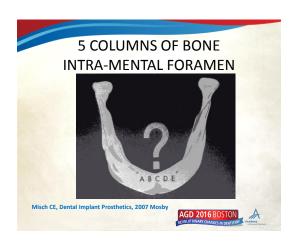






TERMS Main Prosthodontic Criteria of Implant Dentistry • SUPPORT – Load (Compressed) • RETENTION- Displacement/Dislodgement • STABILITY – Horizontal Movement

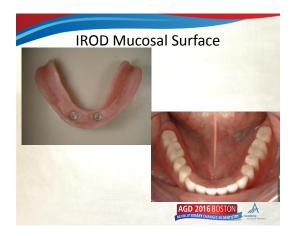






Rationale for IRODs • Novice Implantologist • Flexibility in implant placement • Ease of prosthesis fabrication • Reduced surgical risk • Ease of oral hygiene • Cost





2 IMPLANT MANDIBULAR OVERDENTURE 1. COST FACTOR!!! 2. POOR STABILITY, excessive rotation 3. POOR SUPPORT and Unpredictable 4. GOOD RETENTION, use Balls or Locators 5. INCREASED BITE FORCE = 2-3X FASTER BONE LOSS vs. Full Lower Denture no implants 6. DENTURE REQUIRES MORE RE-LINES 7. CONTINUED BONE LOSS

Bone Loss Continues so... Implant Retained Overdentures (IRODs) should be considered a *transitional* prosthesis until you can achieve a truly implant supported prosthesis. Dr. Carl Misch

Bone Loss from IRODs

Bone loss continues over time, but it can also be accelerated:

- 1. Excessive Pressure over the load bearing areas are on the soft tissue causing constriction of blood vessels
- 2. The prosthesis is worn more...soft tissue abrasions, sores
- 3. Disuse atrophy in the posterior mandible



Loss of bony support in the Posterior Mandible

- 1. Reduced or complete loss of stability
- 2. Increased wearing of the nylon attachments
- 3. Decreased retention
- 4. Pain
- 5. Sores
- 6. Diminished VDO



Bone is an Organ Maintains itself in load



Disuse Atrophy

 With a decrease in bone loading there is an increase in remodeling frequency and inhibition of osteoblast formation causing skeletal degrading = bone loss



Reduce IRODs efffect

- 1. Use cutting utensils as much as possible
- 2. Remove the denture at h.s.



Better Alternatives to preserve bone in the posterior mandible

Implant Supported Prosthesis

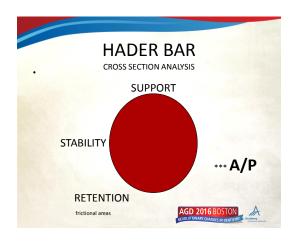
4 or more implants joined directly to a metal bar/framework or attached to a rigid prosthesis.

- 1. Bar Overdenture
- 2. Hybrids
- 3. FPD (Screw Retained or Cemented)









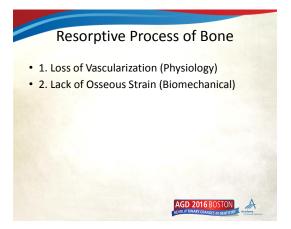




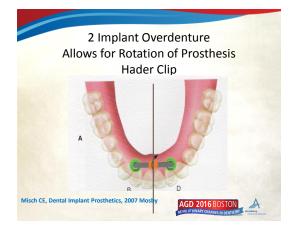




OVERDENTURE 2 vs 4 implants • 2 Implants: the restoration is tissue-supported, but implant retained • 4 Implants: the restoration is implant supported and implant retained.... • Critical: Bone preservation in post man



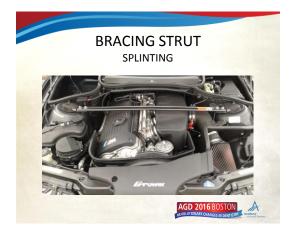
WHEN TO SPLINT 2 IMPLANTS with a BAR If implants have a guarded prognosis Implants are not PARALLEL to each other 2-3x faster bone loss with RP-5 prosthetic than with a full denture



2 implants splinted with Bar

- Do not add more than one retentive device on the bar or you will increase the retention/stress on the implants
- Best to use BALLS OR STUDS (LOCATORS) to get circumferential rotation
- The bar itself doesn't give more retention
- The bar only helps to distribute the force, give rigidity to the implants, and correct angulation issues of the implants.

AGD 2016 BOSTON	A
REVOLUTIONARY CHANGES IN DENTISTRY	1.111
REVOLUTIONARY CHANGES IN DENTISTRY	Academy (Darrage)



4 IMPLANT MAN OD SPLINTED WITH A BAR

- SUPPORT via the Mucosa
- SUPPORT via the Implants
- MAJOR Stability
- GREATEST Retention
- CANTILEVER... YES. You can have posterior cantilever ~10mm. A/P Spread 1.5x
- Prevent Bone Loss
- Can be removed at h.s. to decrease stress
- More bang for the buck!

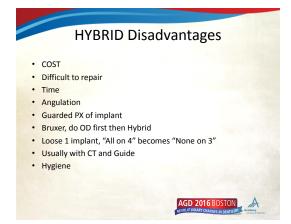


Literature Review

- 2 Hader Clips more retention than 1 clip
- Adding 4 Hader Clips no diff from 2 Clips
- The highest and best retention value was recorded with the Strut or Ball with Hader Clip combination.



HYBRID Advantages • Superior Esthetics • Stability • Splinting Implants • 12mm Interarch Space

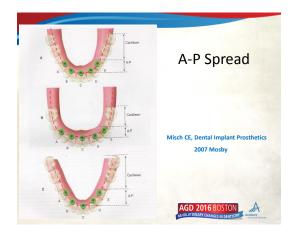




Zirconia Screw Retained Fixed Detachable Bridge AGD 2016 BOSION AGD 2016

DO CANTILEVERS when: NOT ENOUGH BONE HT. NEED TO AVOID INFERIOR ALVEOLAR NERVE NO CROWN HEIGHT SPACE NOT ENOUGH BONE WIDTH IMPLANT POSITION

CANTILEVER IS A RULE IT'S NOT AN ABSOLUTE, IT CAN BE CHANGED. Whenever possible keep the cantilever mechanical advantage to 1 or less. If possible cantilever should go to the mesial b/c greater forces in the distal





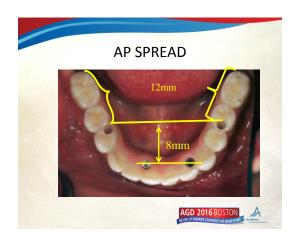
Implant Supported Prosthesis These ISODs or cantilevered prosthesis create greater bite forces resulting in substantial mandibular flexure. ISODs is completely implant supported, retained, and stabilized. The amount of force transmitted to an ISOD = Implant Fixed Prosthesis

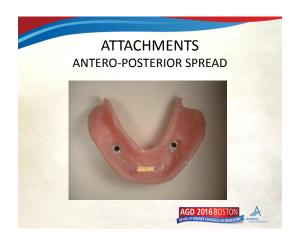
	NO Cantilever Rule!
• CONFUSI	NG????????????
• BRUX	ER- use caution
	AGD 2016 BOSTON

NATURAL SPLINT • Maxillary Posterior area, less density, so need naturally splinted roots by a crown

OCCLUSION • GROUP FUNCTION: Removable -destructive in FPD or Natural • CANINE GUIDED: Natural, Fixed

Implant Biomechanics • We cannot alter the patients bite force, so how can we use the formula: Stress = Force/Area To reduce a biomechanical stress/overload?





Conclusion

 IRODs or any tissue supported prosthesis does not preserve bone in the posterior mandible, and it has been proven to accelerate bone loss by as much as 2-3 faster than a convention full denture, therefore, IRODs = Transitional Prosthesis, until more implants can be placed so a definitive Tx. Plan of an ISOD can be fabricated



