

EU CDM

(The EU Customs Data Model)

An introduction

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Presentation structure



Introduction

Customs data – Importance

The WCO DM

Introduction – the basics

- Objective Method Tool
- Dissemination
- Advantages
- Publication
- How Legal provisions are included in EUCDM
- Mapping to WCO DM
- Single Window
- Way forward

Introduction



- Data at the heart of <u>connectivity</u>.
- Data provided by traders is the life blood of Customs activity
- Without <u>quality data</u>, Customs cannot:
 - Collect revenue according to tariff and taxes
 - Protect society
 - by implementing prohibitions and restrictions
 - by assessing and preventing security risks presented by goods and people/traders involved in international transactions

>> Without quality data, Customs would be blind and powerless! <<

Customs Data – Importance (2)



The WCO Data Model

- > Need to <u>strengthen</u> data quality whilst <u>facilitating</u> legitimate trade
- ➤ What are the available <u>WCO instruments</u> for this?
 - > The Revised Kyoto Convention
 - > WCO Data Model

WCO Data Model



Introduction

The WCO Data Model is a LIBRARY

Standardised components Information packages Context Re-usable Information

Rules

- Content
- Data elements
 - Definitions

Business process models

- Formats
- Code lists
- Identifiers
- Structure
- Information models

- Standard electronic templates
 - Goods declarations
 - Cargo reports

<u>Elements</u>

- Conveyance reports
- Licenses/Permits
- Certificates

WCO Data Model



Base Information Packages

Base Information Packages (BIP) = basic document assemblies (collection of document subsets)

- ✓ <u>Declaration BIP</u> >> B2G messages
- ✓ **Response BIP** >> G2B messages
- ✓ InterGov BIP >> G2G messages
- ✓ **LPCO BIP** >> Licenses, Permits, Certificates and Other
- ✓ <u>DocumentMetaData BIP</u>>> Document envelope information (to be used with all above BIPs)



- > Need to <u>strengthen</u> data quality whilst <u>facilitating</u> legitimate trade
- ➤ How do we do this in the EU?
 - ➤ By creating a strong EU-wide <u>legal framework</u> (UCC + DA/IA Annexes A, B)
 - ➤ By integrating data requirements into a detailed common data model, the **EUCDM**

Objective - Method - Tool





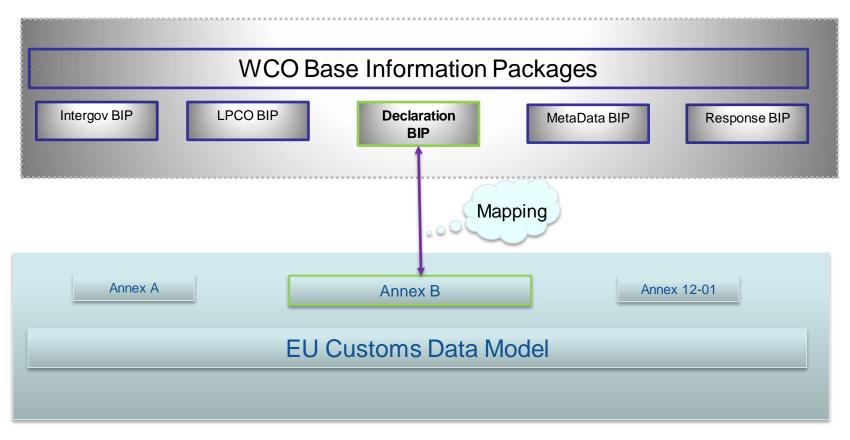
- Objective: To integrate all this in a way that helps implementation.
- <u>Method</u>: Creation of an extension of the WCO DM with EU specificities (WCO DM + an EU "layer").

How?

- Use of specific tool (GEFEG FX) to develop the EUCDM which:
 - Helps to map the EUCDM against international standards, notably the WCO data model
 - Includes all necessary code lists
- Schemas used for data exchange can rely on the data elements and structures of the EUCDM

Relation between WCO DM and EUCDM







<u> Dissemination – National extensions</u>

- The tool:
 - allows EUCDM data and structures to be made available to MS for IT development
 - allows other users (MS, traders) to inherit the EUCDM and to customise it in accordance with specific national requirements (Excise ...)
- MS can add their national data requirements layer on the common EUCDM
- EU-wide implementation commonality is ensured for EU legal obligations
 + Non harmonized national rules added to common EUCDM core.



- Better data quality
- Cheaper exchanges
 - > For trade and for Customs
 - > Because: Same formats, definitions, data structures
 - In line with economic operators practices

Publication



The EU CDM

Publication

- EUCDM publication:
 - Read-only repository (in GEFEG.FX native formats)

In <u>html format</u>



EUCDM V1.1 Introduction UCC Annex B - Legal text - Guidance - Data element view - Data set view UCA Annex A - Legal text - Guidance - Data element view - Data set view UCC Annex 72.01 - Legal text - Data element view

EU Customs Data Model

The EU Customs Data Model (EUCDM) is the model for Customs trans-European systems such as NCTS, AES, ICS and for Member States national customs dearance systems. Its overall objective is to provide a technical instrument that models the data requirements is add own in EU Customs legislation and present a single actinise source of information for the technical developments of the different IT systems that are used for data processing by customs in the EU in consequence, the data elements which are used only in the context of paper-based declarations, are included exclusively in the reproduction of the legal text, but not in the mapping and structure reports.

The backbone of the EUCDM is the data provided by traders to customs authorities by means of the different declarations and notifications defined in EU Customs legislation, the data requirements of which as well as their formats and codes are defined in Annex 6 of the UCCDA and of the UCCDA respectively. The EUCDM also contains the mapping of these data requirements against the VECO Data fould. This mapping serves the following main purposes:

- To provide evidence that the EUCDM is fully compatible with the WCO Data Model
- To link the data elements of the EUCDM with their corresponding data elements in the WCO Data Model, thereby defining unambiguously the relation between Customs needs and economic operators data.

The new 1.1 systion of the thirty publication offers an improved presentation of the UCC Annex B datasets by replacing the differentiation between shipment and consignment view usage by the unique dataset were Virsi new representation enhances the readability and user-fined lines of the critical representation of the text in the individual and the state of the state

In addition to the improvements to the Annex B presentation, the UCC-DA and UCC-IA Annex A datasets, formats, codes and cardinalities, as well as the content of UCC-DA and UCC-IA Annex 12-01 on the EORI records were added in the EUCDIN v1.1.

The objective is to extend in the future the scope of the EUCDM by integrating data elements used for the purpose of response messages and those used for the exchange of data between customs authorities.

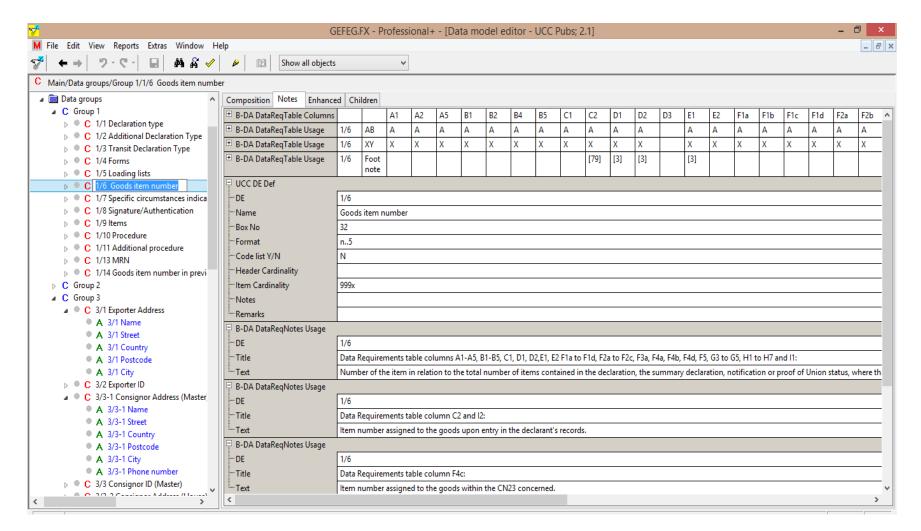
By its nature, and by virtue of the tool used to design it, which is also used by the WCO for the management of the WCO Data Model, the EUCDM enables Member States to complement it for their national purposes in full adiatance of EU Courtisms provisions. Member States using the same data mapping book, may inherit the EUCDM and complement it in accordance with their national needs. Others may exploit the EUCDM as published under other formats, but as this firm (presentation, on the EUCPDA website.



- UCC Annexes A, B and 12-01 publications can be automatically generated from a single source (Guarantee for absolute coherence between legal texts and EUCDM) (EU law <> EUCDM)
- Transformation of the UCC legal requirements into document structures via re-use and customization of the WCO DM (UCC Information Packages) (EU CDM < WCO DM)
- Member States can reuse the UCC Information Package to:
 - Cover their requirements beyond the UCC annexes by extending the EUCDM for national technical and administrative purposes and other data sources (e.g. reporting formalities directive) but still based on the wider WCO Data Model (National implementations <> EUCDM-EU law)
 - Auto-generate their extended XML schemas

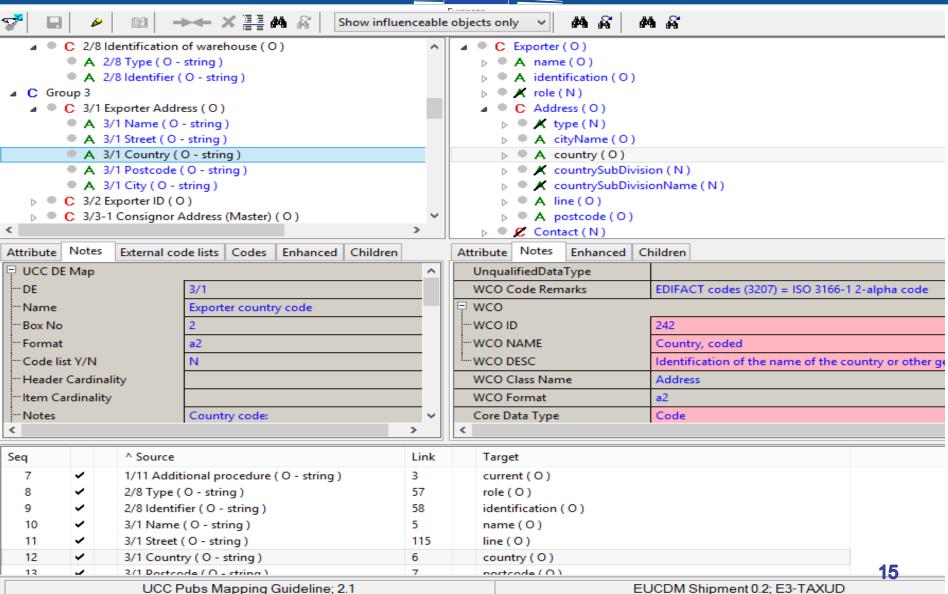
How Legal provisions are included in EUCDM





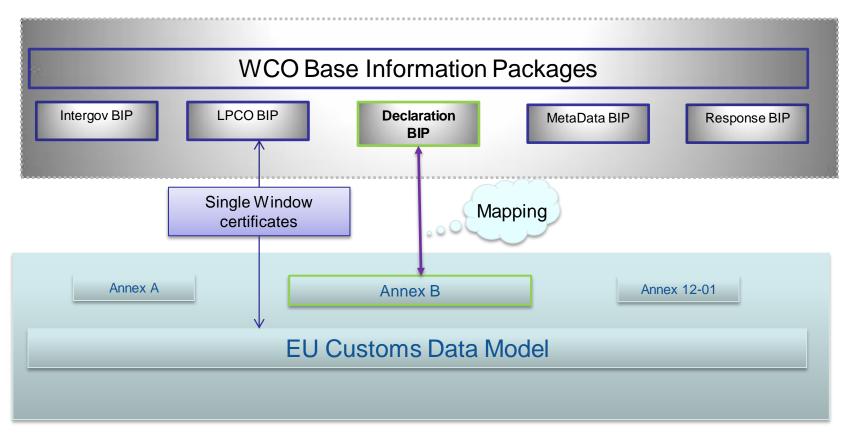
Mapping to WCO DM





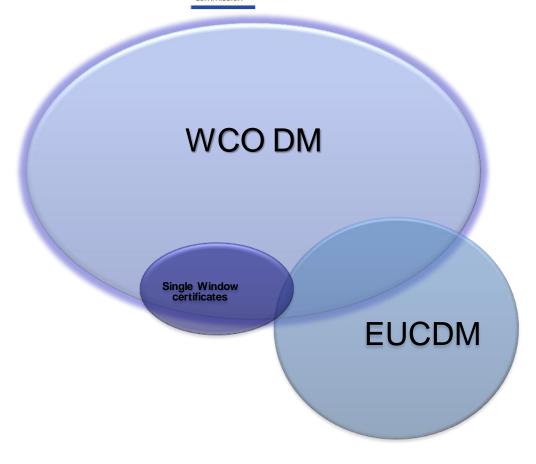






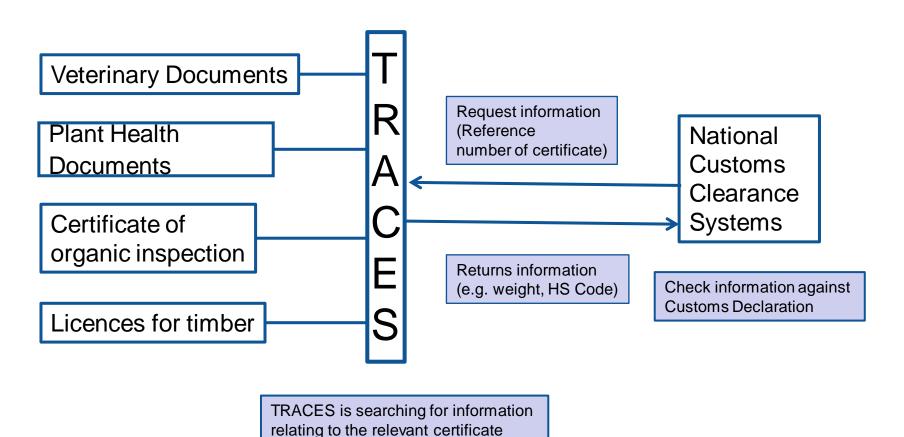






Single Window





Single Window



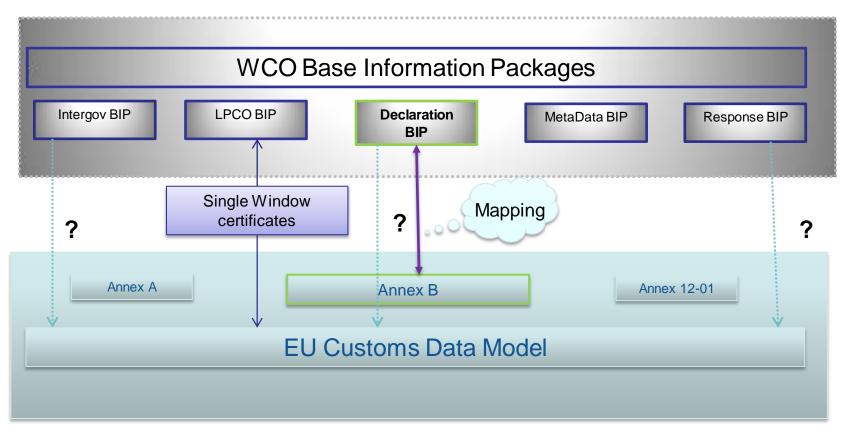
This information requires:

- Standardised data formats
- ➤ International standard for data exchange with third countries (e.g. certificate of organic inspection; timber licences)

The certificates have been mapped against the WCO DM







Benefits for MS and Trade



- Improve data exchange efficiency and strengthen data quality
- Add national requirements layer on EUCDM
- ✓ Reduced resource requirements
- Implementation beneficial for exchanging information with non-EU countries due to compliance with WCO DM
- ✓ Efficient trade facilitation: cooperation between involved public authorities (e.g. Single Window)

More information?



THANK YOU VERY MUCH FOR YOUR ATTENTION

ANY QUESTIONS?

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Web: http://ec.europa.eu/taxation customs/customs/customs code/union customs code/ucc/index en.htm

and http://ec.europa.eu/taxation customs/customs/procedural aspects/general/sad/index en.htm

See also an article in WCO news magazine (page 60)