NATIONAL ENERGY PRODUCTIVITY PLAN - setting and meeting the Target

Sarea Coates Energy Productivity Policy 24 February 2016

National Energy Productivity Plan (NEPP)

Improving Australia's energy productivity means more value from the energy we consume.

Energy productivity

economic output (GDP) energy used (PJ primary)



WHY improve energy productivity?



WHAT are our goals?



HOW will we get there?



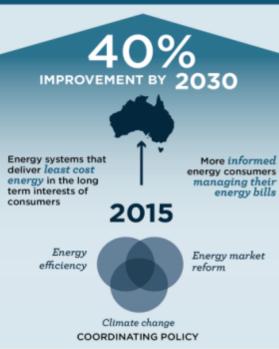
Boosting competitiveness and growth

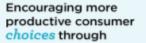


Helping families and business manage their energy costs



Reducing greenhouse gas emissions





- · efficient incentives
- · empowering consumers
- · helping business compete











Promoting more productive energy services through

- · innovation support
- · competitive modern markets
- · consumer protections











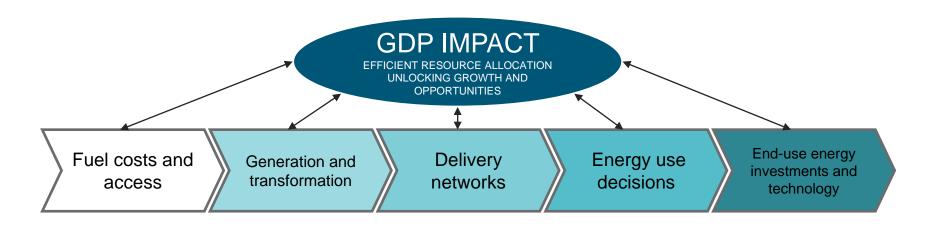


ENERGY PRODUCTIVITY

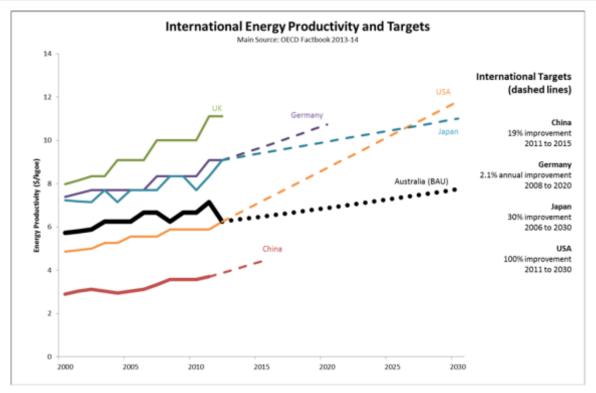
Improving energy productivity is about getting more value from the energy we use

energy productivity =
$$\frac{\text{economic output}}{\text{energy used}} = \frac{\text{GDP}}{\text{PJ}_{\text{primary}}}$$

ENERGY IMPACTS THE ECONOMY ALL ALONG THE ENERGY SYSTEM CHAIN

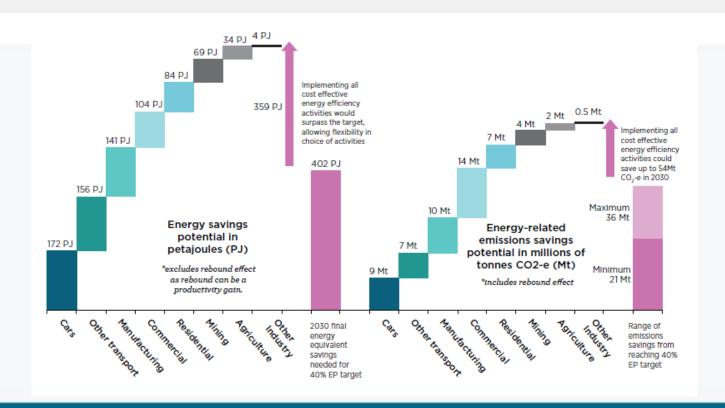


THERE IS A STRONG OPPORTUNITY TO IMPROVE COMPARED TO OUR INTERNATIONAL PEERS



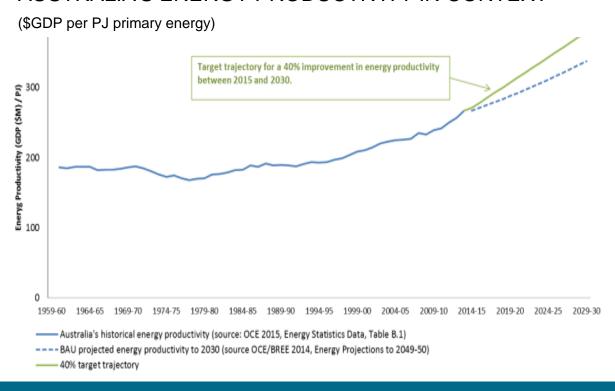
Source - OECD Factbook 2014

THERE ARE ENERGY PRODUCTIVITY OPPORTUNITIES IN MANY SECTORS

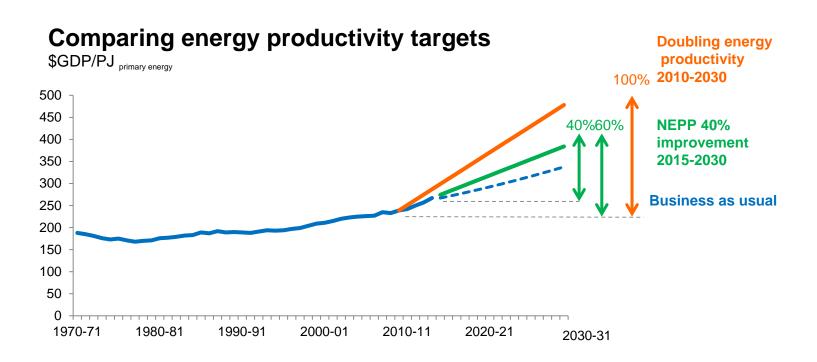


MEETING THE TARGET MEANS ACCELERATED ENERGY PRODUCTIVITY IMPROVEMENTS

AUSTRALIA'S ENERGY PRODUCTIVITY IN CONTEXT

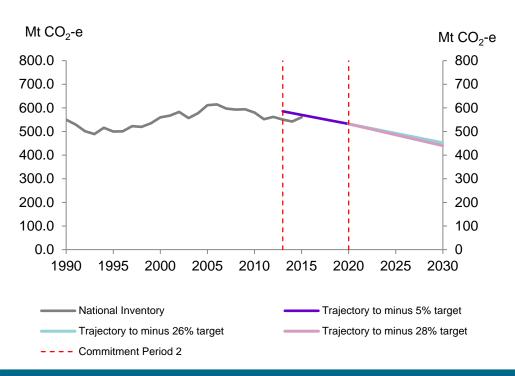


IT IS IMPORTANT TO UNDERSTAND THE COMPARISON BETWEEN DIFFERENT TARGETS



ENERGY PRODUCTIVITY COMMITMENT - A KEY CONTRIBUTOR TO ABATEMENT

Australia 2030 emissions commitment



Indicative emissions reduction sources 2020 to 2030

