Plenary session 4: Innovative solutions for safer and more sustainable trade: Zambia Experience

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WCO IT Conference & Exhibition, 12-14 June 2019, Baku, Azerbaijan

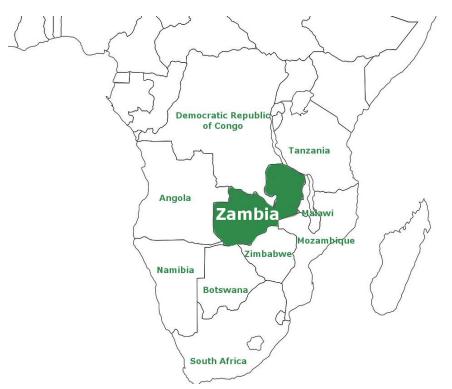


Outline

- Background
- Regulatory Framework
- Enforcement: Use of Technology
- Future Plans



Background



AUTHORITY

- Key Facts Zambia:
- total: 752,618 sq km
- border countries (8): Angola 1065 km, Botswana 0.15 km, Democratic Republic of the Congo 2332 km, Malawi 847 km, Mozambique 439 km, Namibia 244 km, Tanzania 353 km, Zimbabwe 763 km
- Natural Resources: copper, cobalt, zinc, lead, coal, emeralds, gold, silver, uranium, hydropower
- **Population:**16.4m
- Gross Domestic Product (GDP): \$25.7bn
- Environment International Agreements: party to Biodiversity, Climate Change, Climate Change-Kyoto Protocol, Desertification, Endangered Species, Hazardous Wastes, Law of the Sea, Ozone Layer Protection, Wetlands
- **Environment Risks**: loss of biodiversity; poaching seriously threatens rhinoceros, elephant, antelope, and large cat populations; deforestation; soil erosion;

Background











Intellectual Property Rights (IPR):

Legal Framework: Companies Act Cap. 388; The Registration of Business Names Act No 16 of 2011; Patents Act Cap. 400; Trade Marks Act Cap. 401 and Registered Designs Act Cap. 402.

- first IP office was established in Zambia in 1968;
- Office transformed into Patents and Companies Registration Agency (PACRA) in 1998:

IP related Membership:

- World Intellectual Property Organisation (WIPO)
- African Regional Intellectual Property Organisation (ARIPO)



Regulatory Framework

- **Automation:** Asycuda 2.7 (1998); Asycuda++ (2001) and AsycudaWorld (2013); Single Window (from 2015); e-Payment; Scanners; Data Mining (Big Data).
- Pre-Clearance: to facilitate advance information submission to Customs;
- **Risk Management:** application of selectivity module within Customs and to Other Government Agencies under Single Window (Zambia Compulsory Standards connected on multi-agency risk management in 2017);
- Coordinated Border Management: Collaboration with Other Government Agencies: Plant Quarantine Phytosanitary Services; Wildlife Authority; Police; PACRA
- Specialised Technical Staff: designated WCO IPR officers;
- International Liaison: WCO Project INAMA activities; Customs Enforcement Network (CEN); Regional Intelligence Liaison Office (RILO); WCO coordinated operations (PRAESIDIO operation in February/March 2019; Thunder Ball operation in June, 2019), TWIX wildlife initiative implementation in SADC region



Enforcement: Use of Technology

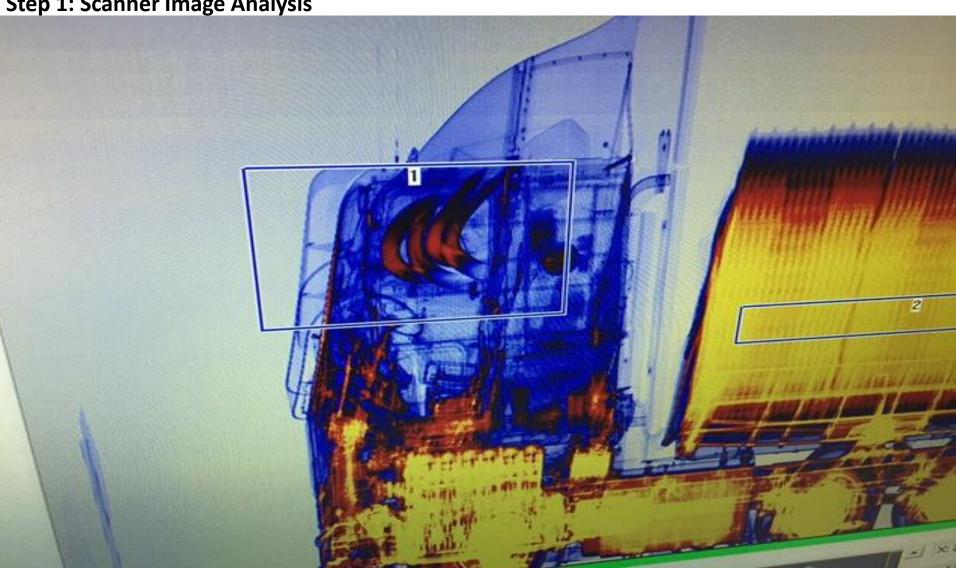




- 2009: Investment in eight (8) Non-Intrusive Inspection equipment (Cargo scanners) deployed at major borders.;
- Technical Training: Customs Officers trained in image analysis
- 2019: Plans underway to procure Baggage Scanners at selected entry/exit points.

Use of Technology: Kazungula Border

Step 1: Scanner Image Analysis



Use of Technology: Kazungula Border



Future Plans

- Data Exchange: implement Globally Networked Concept (GNC) and connect the AsycudaWorld system with key trading partners (current work in progress with Zimbabwe; Tanzania; Botswana, Malawi & DRC);
- Risk Management: extend single window with multi-agency risk management to Other Government Agencies including PQPS; Wildlife Authority; Medicine Regulatory Authority;
- Interface of AsycudaWorld with Scanners: support coordination between declaration to Customs and image analysis;
- Detection of counterfeit: implement technologies to support real-time detection of counterfeit goods at the Borders;
- Capacity building: enhanced capacity building and international liaison.



Thank You

