





TITANIUM and Early Results

Dr. Ross King

CoU Cybercrime Workshop Brussels, 2017-12-06





TITANIUM Project

Project Data





TITANIUM: Tools for the Investigation of Transactions in Underground Markets

https://www.titanium-project.eu

- ► H2020 SEC-12-2016-2017
- Research and Innovation Action
- ► 3 Years (May 2017 April 2020)
- 15 Partners



This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 740558.

Project Consortium



Λ	AUSTRIAN INSTITUT

Participant organisation name	Short name	Country
AIT Austrian Institute of Technology GmbH	AIT	AT
Nederlandse Organisatie voor Toegepast Natuurwetenschappelijk Onderzoek	TNO	NL
Universität Innsbruck	UIBK	AT
Karlsruher Institut für Technologie	KIT	DE
University College London	UCL	UK
Fundacion Centro de Tecnologias de Interaccion Visual y Comunicaciones Vicomtech	VICOM	ES
Coblue Cybersecurity	COB	NL
dence GmbH	DEN	DE
Trilateral Research Ltd.	TRI	UK
Countercraft S.L.	CCR	ES
Bundeskriminalamt	BKA	DE
The International Criminal Police Organization	INT	FR
National Bureau of Investigation	NBI	FI
Bundesministerium für Inneres	BMI	AT
Ministerio del Interior	MIR-PN	ES

Project Consortium – Value Chain







Motivation





"...virtual currencies such as Bitcoin establish themselves as single common currency for cybercriminals"

"Bitcoin is [...] accounting for over 40% of all identified criminal-to-criminal payments."

- Europol 2015 Internet Organized Crime Threat Assessment Report

Project Objectives – Summary



- 1. Analyse legal and ethical requirements.
- 2. Analyse technical characteristics of typical forms of IOCT (Internet Organized Crime and Terrorism) activities.
- 3. Develop tools for the automated collection of multi-modal data.
- 4. Provide novel algorithmic methods and tools for the automated analysis of aggregated or simulated data.
- 5. Deploy developed forensic tools and services to the associated Law Enforcement Agency stakeholders, evaluate their usage in a realistic configuration, and validate their effectiveness in reducing cost and effort in criminal investigations.
- 6. Provide training to improve the capabilities of LEAs across Europe through innovative curricula, training and joint exercises used to facilitate the EU-wide take-up of TITANIUM tools, methodologies, and technologies.

Work Package Structure



Λ	AUSTRIAN INSTITUT OF TECHNOLOGY

WP8: Project Coordination Lead: AIT	WP3: Tool and Service Ecosystem Lead: University of Innsbruck WP4: Data Provisioning Lead: TNO	WP1: Ethics Requirements Lead: AIT
	WP5: Analysis Algorithms and tools Lead: University College London	WP2: Legal, Societal, and Ethical Aspects
	WP6: Field Labs, Testing, and Validation Lead: National Bureau of Investigation	Lead: KIT

WP7: Dissemination, Training, and Exploitation

Lead: Trilateral Research Ltd.





TITANIUM How big is Bitcoin?

Bitcoin – Market Capitalization



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- Presently 1320
 currencies tracked
 January: 642
 September: 865
- Total Market
 Capitalization: ca. 293 G\$
 January: 11 G\$
 last year 4 G\$

http://coinmarketcap.com/ 2017-12-01



Bitcoin – How big is it?





- Number of Addresses: 296.862.000
- Number of Address Clusters: 30.645.400
- Number of Transactions: 249.408.600
- Viewed as a transaction graph
 nodes (=addresses): 296.862.000
 edges (=aggregated transactions): 1.567.227.800



(numbers from September 2017)

Bitcoin – Big Data Criteria





- ► Volume is 1.5 billion big?
- Velocity the Bitcoin blockchain grows in real time, but not very fast
- Variety not really; all blocks are the same
- Variability not really; the interpretation of a block remains constant
- Veracity not really; this is one thing Blockchains are good at!
- Visualization yes! a challenge to be addressed
- Value Civil security and law enforcement

Bitcoin – Big Data Criteria





- ► Volume is 1.5 billion big?
- Velocity the Bitcoin blockchain grows in real time, but not very fast
- Variety r
 Variability constant
 Constant
 This changes when we begin to consider multi-ledger analysis!
- Veracity –
- Visualization yes! a challenge to be addressed
- Value Civil security and law enforcement







TITANIUM Results

Early Results

12020



- Law Enforcement Requirements (BKA)
- Legal Requirements Distributed Ledgers (KIT)
- Cross-ledger Analytics Ethereum (UIBK)
- Cybercrime Forensics Ransomware (AIT)

Law Enforcement Requirements

Roles

- Stakeholder Manager
- Full-Partner Stakeholders
- Associated Stakeholders

Methodology

- Stakeholder Workshop (September 2017)
- Stakeholder Survey (September-October 2017)
- Consolidation and Analysis (November 2017)
- Review (December 2017)
- ▶ Results: Deliverable D3.2 (2017-12-31) EU RESTRICTED





Law Enforcement Requirements Stakeholder User Group





The Stakeholder User Group consists of representatives from all stakeholder partners, including funded project stakeholders and non-funded associated stakeholders.

Associated Partners		
Law Enforcement Organisations	Country	
Bayerische Landeskriminalamt	DE	
Cyprus Police - Cybercrime Unit	CY	
Criminal Police Directorate	HR	
Romanian Police	RO	
Europol	EU	
Metropolitan Police Service	UK	
National High Tech Crime Unit	NL	
National Crime Agency	UK	
Police Academy in Szczytno	PL	
Polícia Judiciária	PT	
Swedish Cybercrime Center	SE	
Swiss Federal Office of Police	СН	
Other Organisations	Country	
European Central Bank	EU	

Full Partners		
Law Enforcement Organisations	Country	
Bundeskriminalamt	DE	
The International Criminal Police Organization	FR	
National Bureau of Investigation	FI	
Bundesministerium für Inneres	AT	
Ministerio del Interior	ES	

Legal Requirements – Distributed Ledgers

- Paulina Jo Pesch (KIT) in collaboration with Christian Sillaber (UIBK)
- Application of the EU GDPR transparency requirements to Distributed Ledger (DL) systems
 - Relevant characteristics of DL systems
 - Applicability of GDPR to DL systems
 - DL systems participants as (joint)
 Data Controllers
 - Outlook and possible approaches to improving transparency





Cross-ledger Analytics – Ethereum

- Michael Fröwis and Rainer Böhme (UIBK)
- Expanding the forensic analysis of public Blockchains beyond Bitcoin
- Control flow immutability in Ethereum Smart Contracts
- ► Conclusions
 - Ethereum enables trust-less contracts in principle but...
 - 2 out of 5 contracts actually have mutable control flow



Cybercrime Forensics – Ransomware

- Bernhard Haslhofer (AIT) in collaboration with Masarah Cynthia Paquet Clouston and Dupont Benoit (University of Montreal)
- Reproducible method for identifying, quantifying, and comparing payments of ransomware families.
- A combination of
 - Desktop research to identify seed addresses
 - Forensic analysis of the ransomware transactions using the open source GraphSense toolset



Other Results

HEDEO



- Numerous Ethics Requirements Deliverables (Confidential)
- ► D7.1 Dissemination Plan (Public)
- D8.1 Project Handbook (Public)
- D8.2 Data Management Plan (Public)

Future Work

- ► Legal, Societal, and Ethical Impact
- Field Labs: Evaluation Goals and Methodology
- Intelligent Crawling
- Cross-ledger Analysis
- Privacy Impact Assessment







Thank you for your attention!

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CREDITS

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