

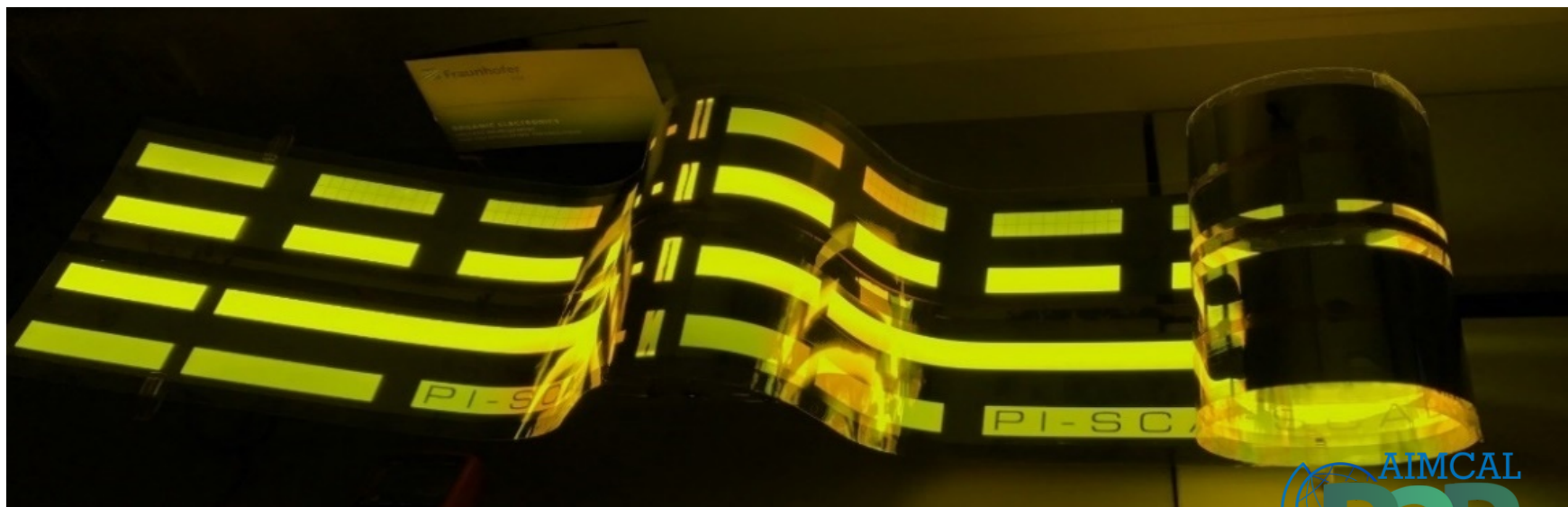
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# VACUUM BASED ROLL-TO-ROLL OLED COATING FOR PILOT LEVEL

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# AGENDA

- Division Flexible Organic Electronics @FEP
- Flexible OLED lighting on different type of substrate
- Roll-to-Roll OLED manufacturing
  - Benefits
  - Roadmap for pilot scale
- Summary



# PORTFOLIO OF THE DIVISION FLEXIBLE ORGANIC ELECTRONICS

- Customer specific R&D on novel device concepts and manufacturing methods for Organic Electronics (mostly small molecule)
  - mainly OLED lighting & signage, but also OPV, OPD und OFET
  - Flexible foil substrates (esp. Roll-to-Roll-technology) for flexible applications (rigid substrates also possible)
- Services along the full value chain for (flexible) organic devices
- Process development
- Test of new materials
- Prototype development
- Device integration (electrical, mechanical)



200 mm System: Glass substrates, metal and polymer web, flexible glass up to 200 x 200 mm<sup>2</sup>



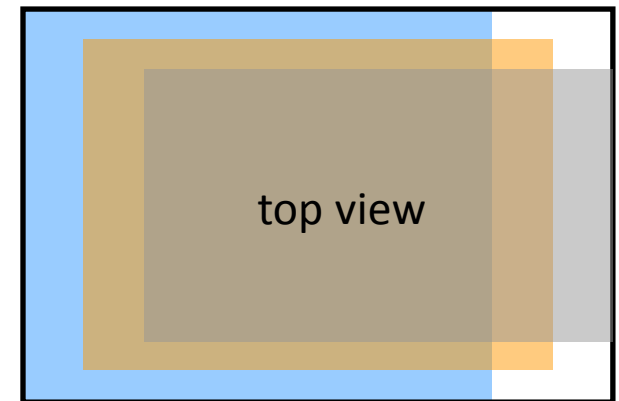
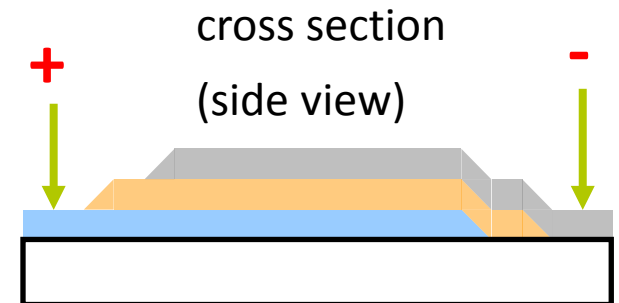
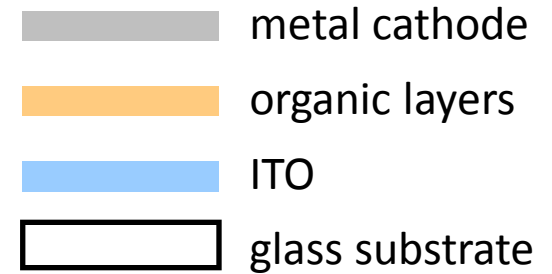
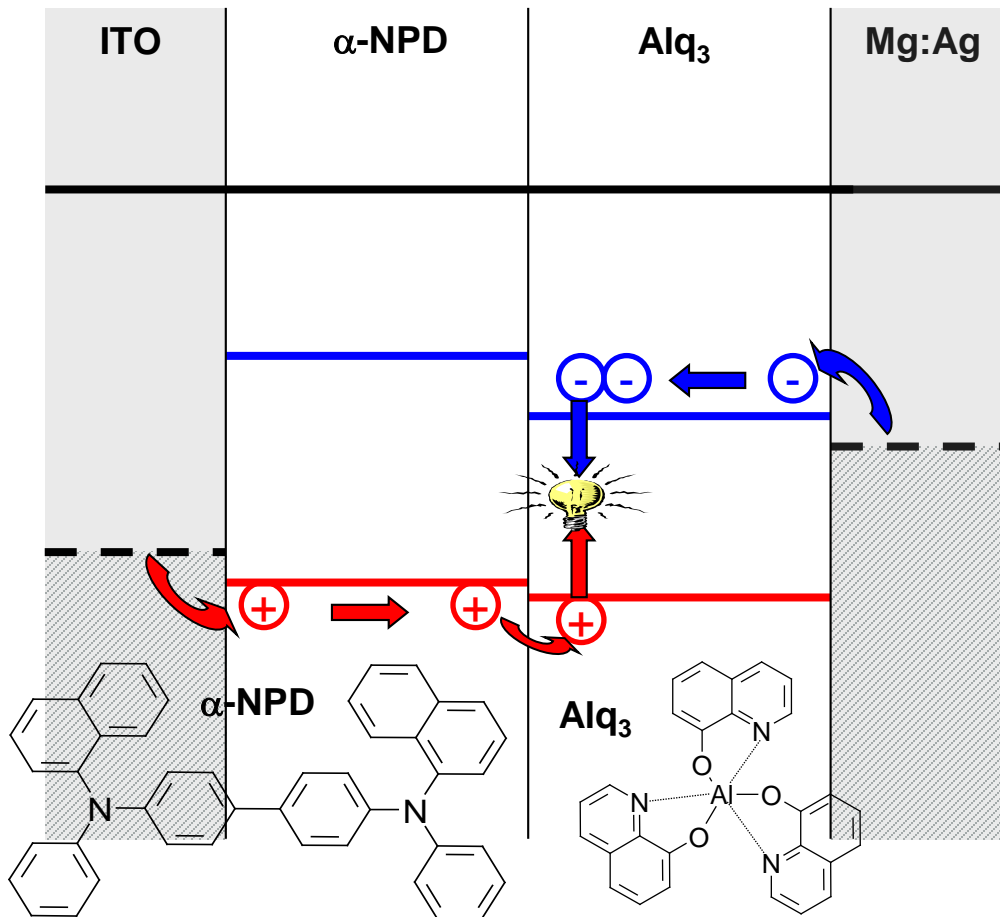
Gen2 Line: Glass substrates 370 x 470 mm<sup>2</sup>



R2R Line: Metal and polymer web, flexible glass up to 300 mm width

# THE OLED: MOST SIMPLE

- 1987: 2 organic layers
- today: up to 5...30 organic layers





# Why OLED?

Challenges:  
Cost  
Reliability

Thin



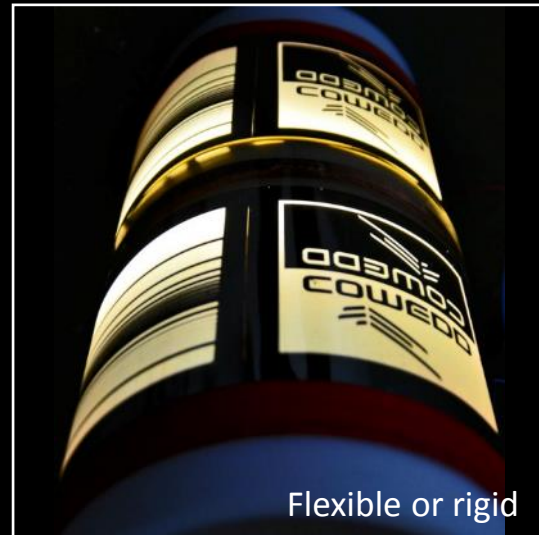
Freeform



Semi-transparent or opaque



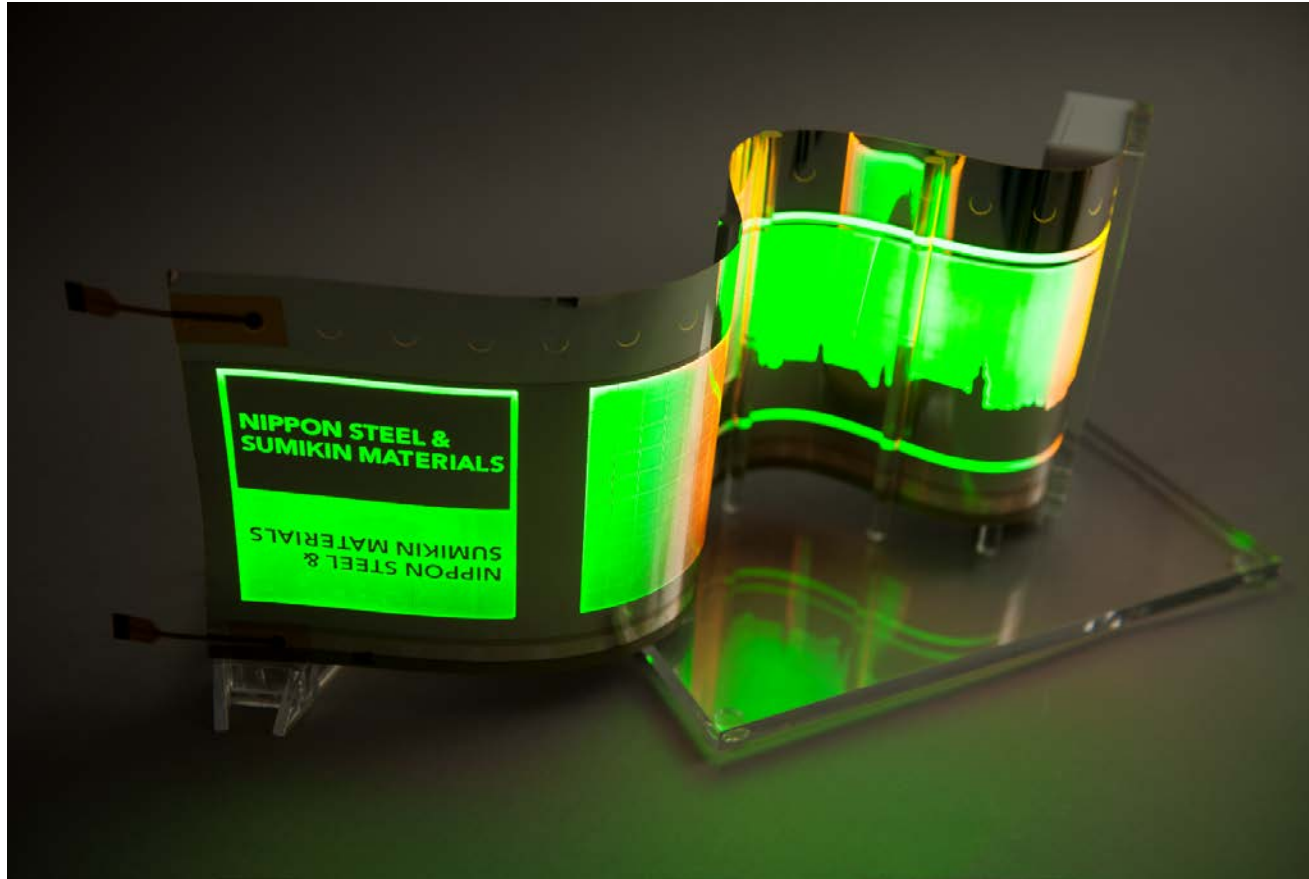
Flexible or rigid



# COMPARISON OF FLEXIBLE SUBSTRATES FOR OLED DEVICES

	metal	ultra-thin glass	plastic
bendability	o	o	✓
permeation barrier	✓	✓	o
roll-to-roll processability	✓	(✓)	✓
surface roughness	o	✓	✓
potential of low cost	✓	???	???
advantages	good barrier thermal conductivity	good barrier surface quality transparency	transparency high bendability
disadvantages	top emission additional treatment of reducing surface roughness	brittle device separation	barrier coating thermal stability residual water possible pinholes

# OLED DEVICES ON STAINLESS STEEL FOIL



OLED on 50  $\mu\text{m}$  stainless steel foil development in collaboration with Nippon Steel Sumikin Materials.

# HIGHLY CONDUCTIVE POLYMER FILM FOR LARGE AREA LIGHTING

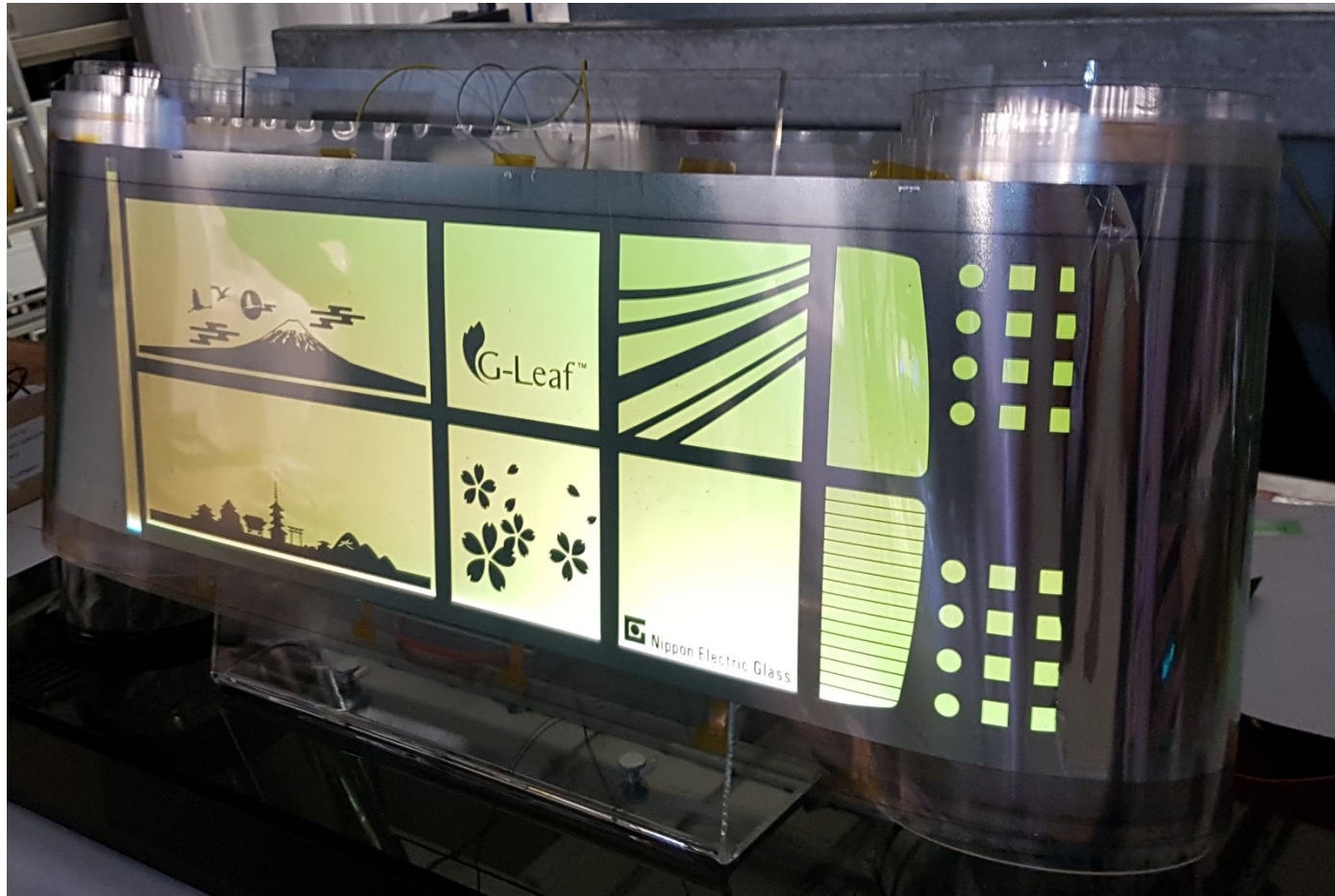


OLED area 25 x 10 cm<sup>2</sup>

High conductivity embedded metallic wires result in a conductivity of 0.01 Ohm and in a transparency of about 90%. Electrode film and OLED embedded in a so called “Ravioli” approach.



# R2R OLED ON THIN GLASS ENCAPSULATED WITH THIN GLASS (50 $\mu$ M)

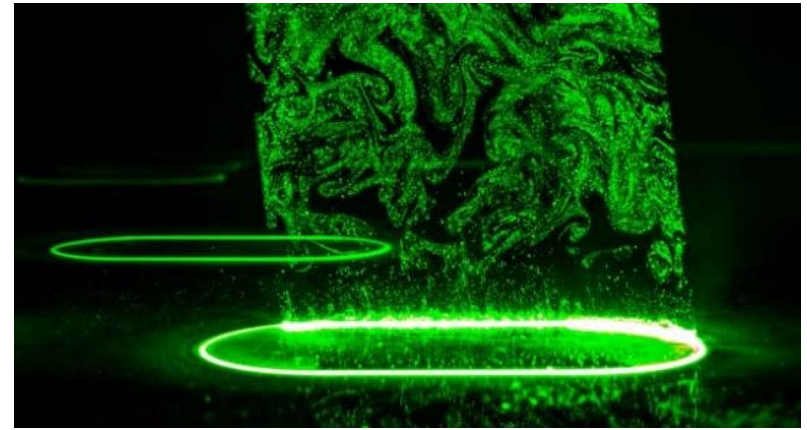


A successful demonstration of 25 x 10 cm<sup>2</sup> OLED devices without dark spot growth!  
Development of proper cutting technology!

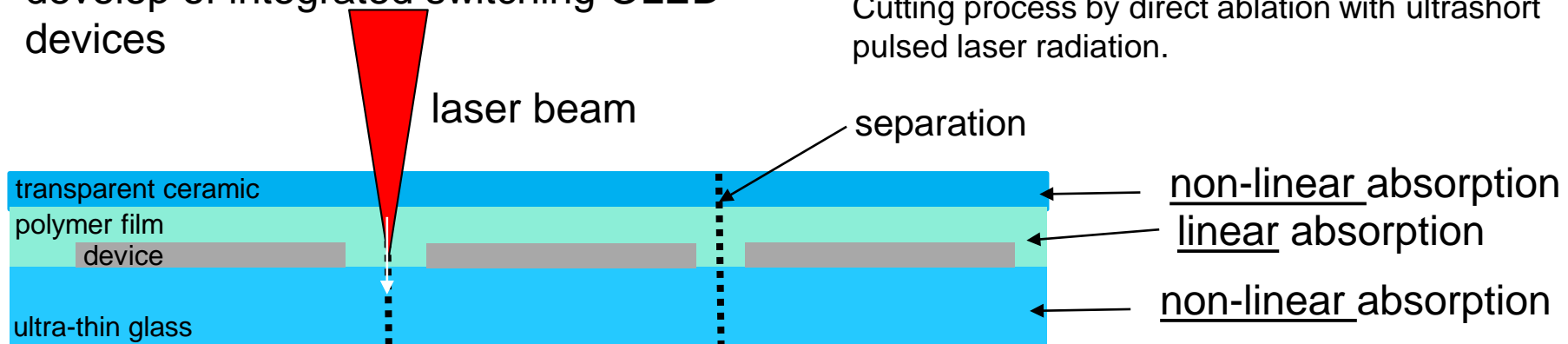
# FRAUNHOFER CEGLAFLEX PROJECT: FLEXIBLE OLED DEVICES ON ULTRA-THIN GLASS CERAMIC LAMINATES

Goal of the project:

- transparent ceramics for scratch protection and OLED devices on ultra-thin glass laminates.
- laser cutting and polishing of transparent ceramics and ultra-thin glass device compounds achieving high edge stabilities.
- develop of integrated switching OLED devices



Cutting process by direct ablation with ultrashort pulsed laser radiation.

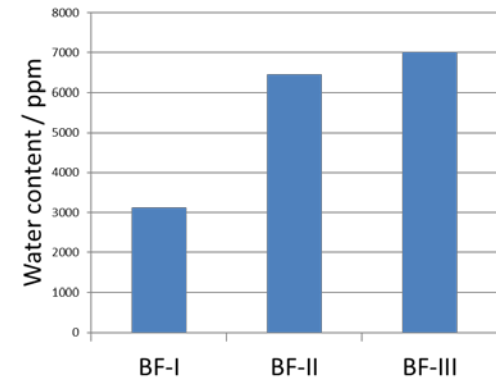


The Fraunhofer project is implementing the complete process chain at five Fraunhofer Institutes: ILT (coordination), IPT, IKTS, FEP, IMWS

# PLASTIC BARRIER FILMS ARE SMOOTH BUT INCLUDING MOISTURE

Residual water affects the OLEDs during manufacturing

- residual water on the surface, in the barrier and electrode films -> direct influence
- residual water in the PET film -> indirect influence (backside in front of top side)
- R2R drying process for several substrates developed
- proper storage/transport of rolls required



Barrier film not dried before OLED process.

Barrier film dried for 10 min. at 100 °C under N<sub>2</sub> condition before OLED process





# OVERVIEW PROCESS FLOW IN R2R R&D LINE

R2R inspection system



R2R vacuum coater

R2R printing and lamination unit (N<sub>2</sub>)



Substrate  
Inspection

Structuring

Substrate  
inspection

Vacuum  
coating

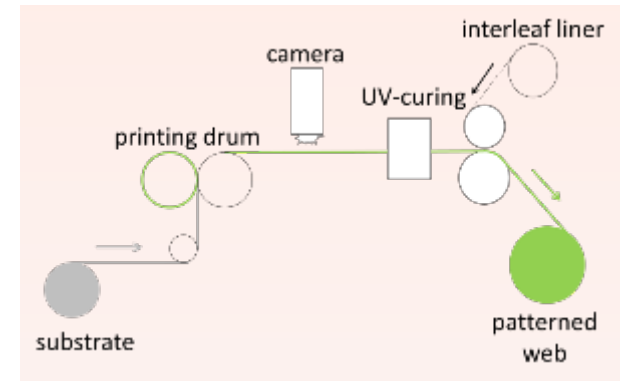
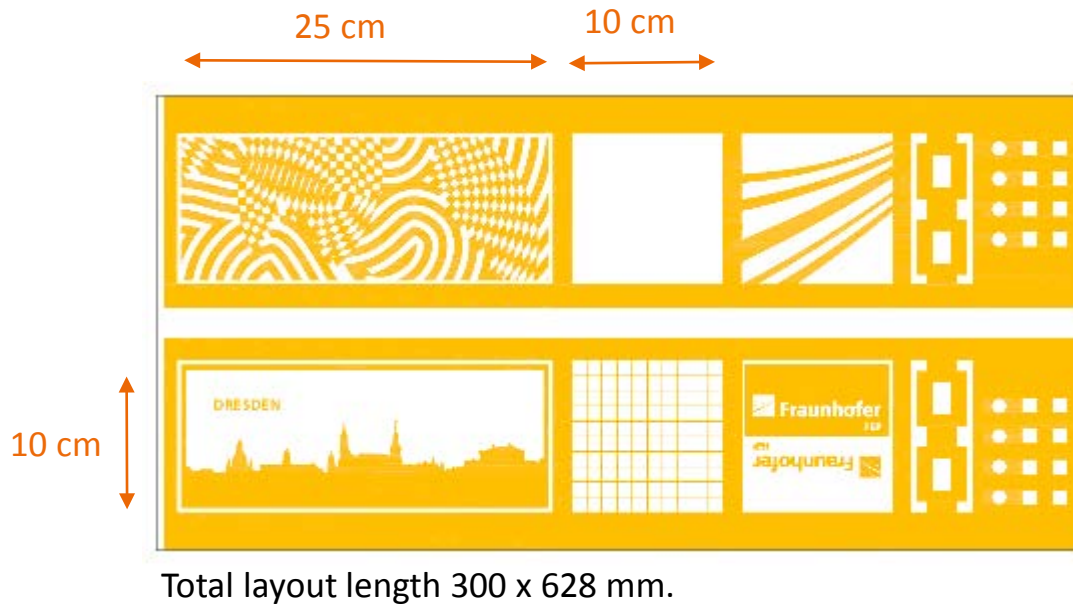
Encapsulation

OLED  
characterisation

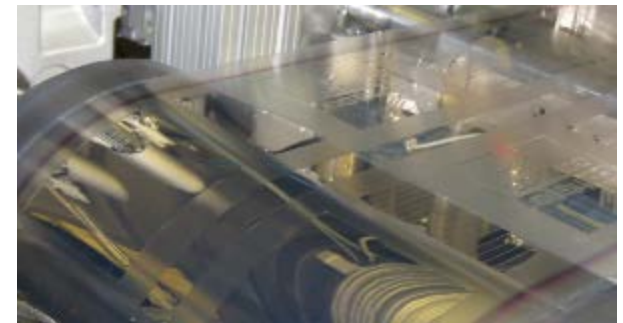
- Typically 300 mm web width
- vacuum based OLED deposition
- Roll-to-Roll OLED fabrication process
- Material evaluation from laboratory scale to R2R production, with significant yield statistic.

# R2R OLED LAYOUT

- Substrate structuring by printing
- Any kind of **customer specific** active OLED lighting areas are possible.
- Additional metallization printing for interconnection will be available soon.



Printing concept (up) and substrate after structuring (down)

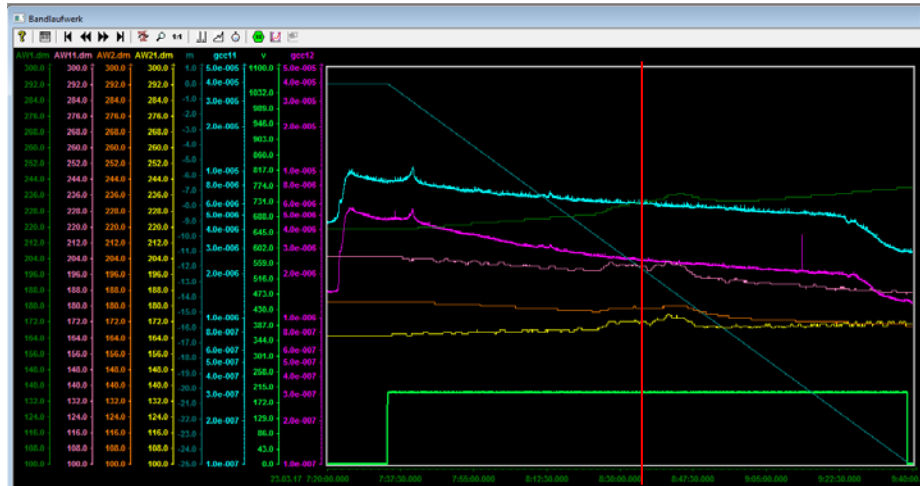




# BENEFIT OF ROLL-TO-ROLL OLED MANUFACTURING

- It is possible to realize cost effective long OLED stripes or large OLED area.
- Fast response for customer-specific printing technology for substrate patterning and more...
- Higher amount of devices, because of higher throughput.
  - Manufacturing of 500 OLED devices in a size of 10 x 10 cm<sup>2</sup> per day is already possible under “R&D condition”.
- Possible lower clean room class is needed.
- First focus: Design driven ambient- and decorative OLED applications.

# KNOWLEDGE MANAGEMENT FOR IMPROVEMENT PROCESS STABILITY



process parameter control  
over time

@ 1000 cd/m<sup>2</sup>

U [V]	CE [cd/A]	PE [lm/W]	CIEx	CIEy
3.54	53.2	47.3	0.464	0.525

Corresponding OLED key values on rigid  
glass fabricated in the cluster tool.

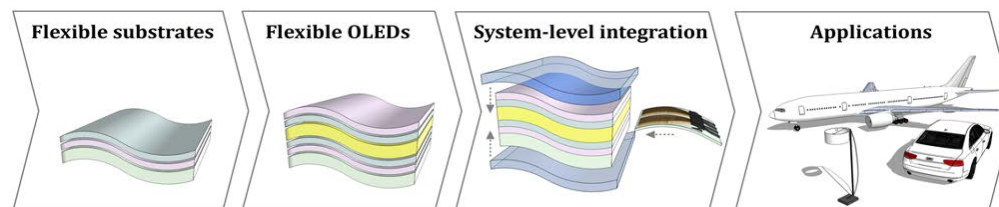
## OLED key values

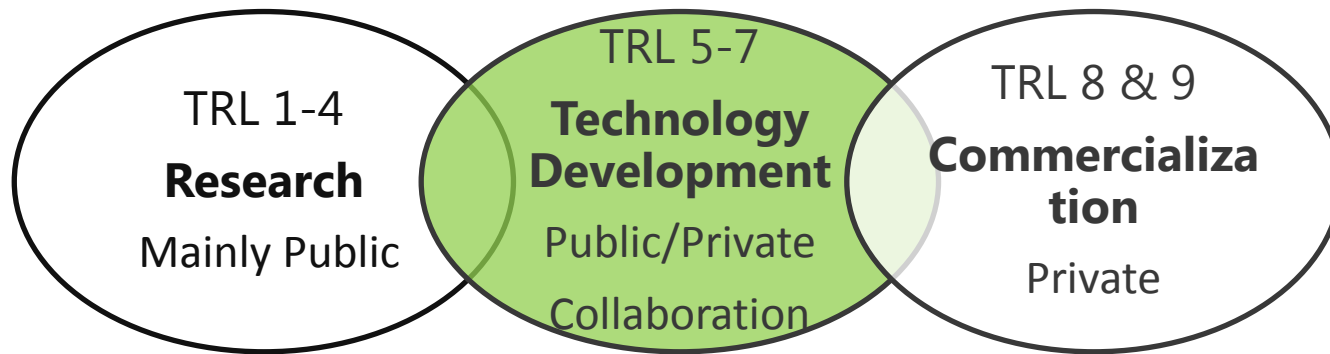
Shortcut	Waferlabel	V1000 [V]	J1000 [mA/cm <sup>2</sup> ]	CE1000 [cd/A]	PE1000 [lm/W]	CIEx1000	CIEy1000
4	A	3,89	2,3	43,2	35,0	0,464	0,530
4	B	3,84	2,3	44,2	36,3	0,453	0,541
7	A	3,72	2,3	43,5	36,9	0,454	0,540
7	B	3,77	2,3	42,9	35,9	0,444	0,549
11	A	3,61	2,2	45,9	40,1	0,450	0,543
11	B	3,58	2,2	45,7	40,2	0,440	0,553
15	A	3,59	4,5	21,5	18,7	0,450	0,543
15	B	3,57	2,1	47,9	42,3	0,441	0,552
17	A	3,55	2,2	46,5	41,3	0,450	0,543
17	B	3,52	2,1	47,0	42,0	0,441	0,552
21	A	3,49	2,1	46,8	42,1	0,447	0,546
21	B	3,47	2,7	36,8	33,1	0,445	0,548
22	A	3,51	2,2	45,8	41,0	0,449	0,545
22	B	3,49	2,1	47,2	42,5	0,450	0,544

# Consortium & Capabilities

The pilot line includes all the steps required to create advanced flexible OLED product prototypes:

- High performance **moisture barrier** and **electrode films**
- **Flexible OLED fabrication** in sheet-to-sheet and roll-to-roll process
- Flexible device **encapsulation**
- **Lamination, bonding** and **system-level hybrid integration** of thin film flexible electronics





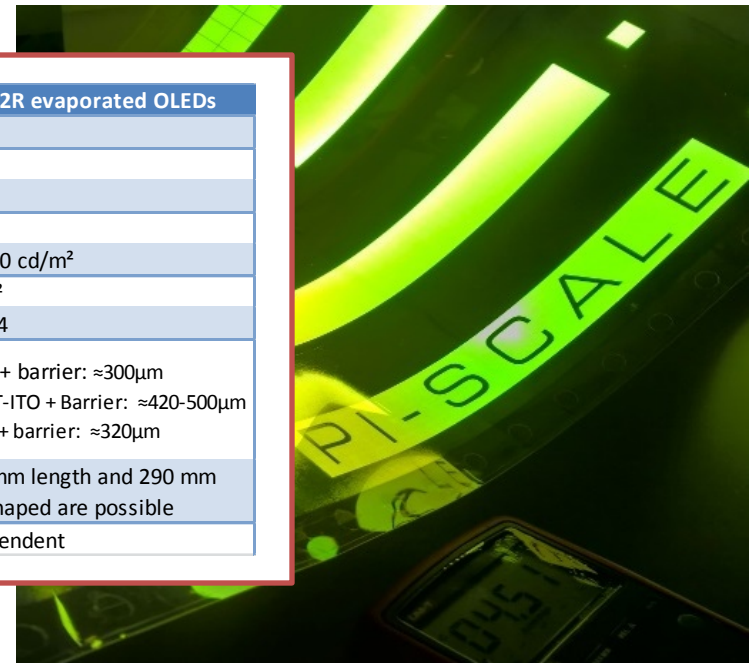
**The PI-SCALE pilot line service fills that gap  
and helps to translate your ideas into products**

# R2R OLEDs

## R2R evaporated OLED

- **300mm** web-width, up length
- **Good performance** OLED
- **Customised** OLED shapes possible
- **Large form factor** OLED

Parameter	PI-SCALE R2R evaporated OLEDs
Color	yellow
Luminance efficacy	30 lm/W
Operational lifetime	> 500h
Shelf lifetime	n.a.
Operating current voltage @ luminance	4-5V @1000 cd/m <sup>2</sup>
Luminance	1000 cd/m <sup>2</sup>
CIE <sub>x/y</sub>	0,490/0,504
Thickness	thin-glass + barrier: ≈300μm Barrier+ PET-ITO + Barrier: ≈420-500μm Barrier-ITO + barrier: ≈320μm
Shape	up to 600 mm length and 290 mm width all shaped are possible
Area	design dependent





# R2R Flexible Barrier Film – current status

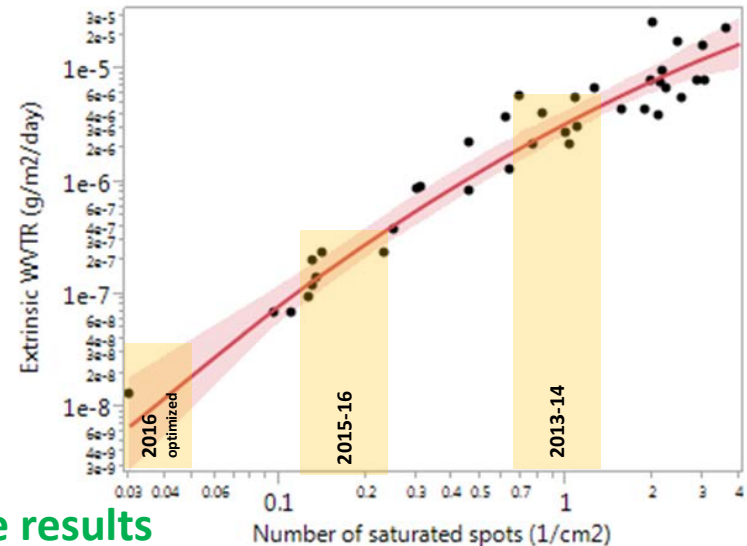
- Pinhole density = excellent measure for barrier properties
- Standard R2R single SiNx barrier; iWVTR <  $2 \cdot 10^{-6}$  g/m<sup>2</sup>/day
  - eWVTR ~  $2 \cdot 10^{-7}$  g/m<sup>2</sup>/day; 0.13 pinholes/cm<sup>2</sup>
- Improved R2R single SiNx barrier
  - eWVTR ~  $1 \cdot 10^{-8}$  g/m<sup>2</sup>/day; 0.03 pinholes/cm<sup>2</sup>



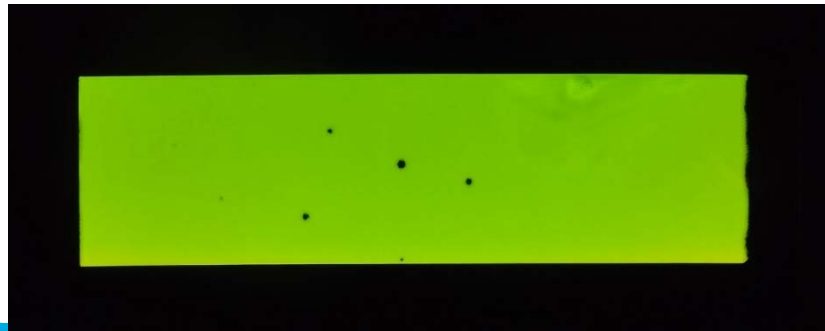
**OLED quality  
R2R produced  
Barrier**



**Pinhole results  
in black spots**



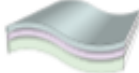





High quality level for barrier film manufacturing needed!



# R2R OLEDs

## Ideal for low price and quantity

 <p><b>R2R Evaporated OLED</b></p>	 <p><b>Bottom barrier</b></p>	 <p><b>Anode &amp; Structuring</b></p>	 <p><b>OLED &amp; Cathode</b></p>	 <p><b>Encapsulation</b></p>	<p><b>Singulation</b></p>	<p><b>Characterization and testing</b></p>	 <p><b>System integration</b></p>
	<p>HC R2R barrier, thin glass</p>	<p>ITO, ISO printing</p>	<p>OLED and Cathode evaporation</p>	<p>Lamination of HC R2R barrier</p>		<p>Acc. shelf lifetime; Device el. characterization;</p>	<p>Component assembly, inj. molding ...</p>

## OLED Features Available from 2018



**Transparent  
OLEDs**



**Long strips >1m made  
by R2R**



**Active and passive matrix  
segmented OLEDs**

# SUMMARY

- Flexible OLED lighting enable new functionalities and market entry for automotive lighting applications.
  - OLED does not replace LED, but complement each other perfectly
  - Unique characteristics of the OLED must be used consequently!
- The roll-to-roll OLED fabrication is feasible on metal-, plastic- and ultra-thin glass web for different kind of target applications.
- Comparable power efficacy between R2R and lab-scale OLED is possible.
  - Further reproducibility will be pushed within the EU PI-Scale project for S2S and R2R.
- Starting pilot production in Roll-to-Roll fabrication on barrier films and ultra-thin glass web coming soon feasible.
  - Remove residual moisture in coils has an impact on reproducibility.
  - Changes in the barrier film layer structure influences the winding behavior.

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