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Accessibility Planning for Concrete Changes

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Is your building as accessible as you think it is? As tenants age, housing providers must anticipate and plan for their changing accessibility needs. Learn how to see your building through the eyes of a person with a disability, practical tools for conducting an accessibility audit and where to find products and services.

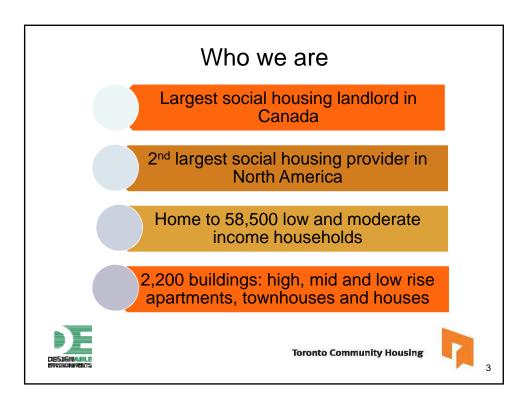
Agenda

- Introduction
- The Accessibility Continuum
- Accessibility Standards/Resources
- Accessibility Audits
- Accessibility Planning
- TCHC Case Study
- Q and A

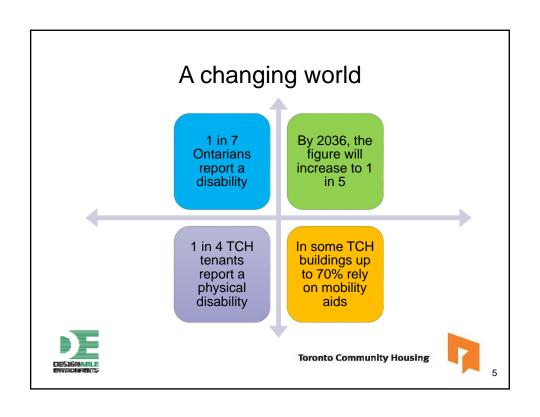
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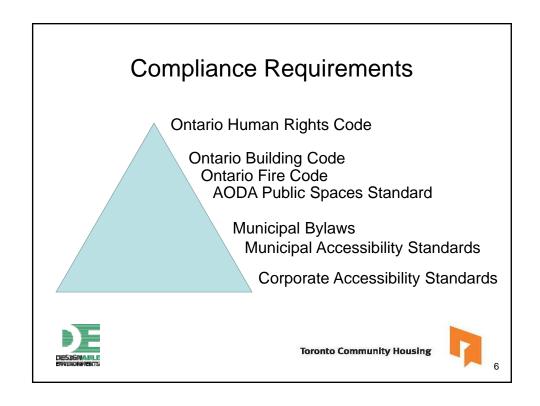


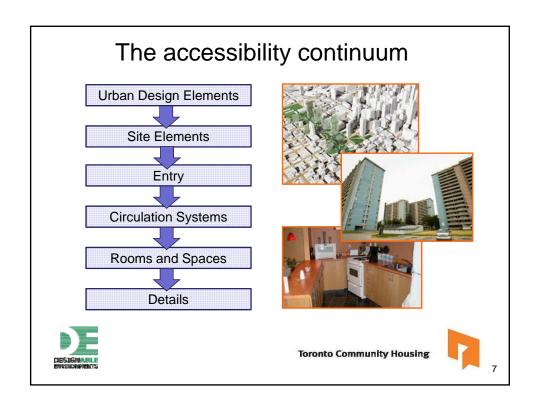
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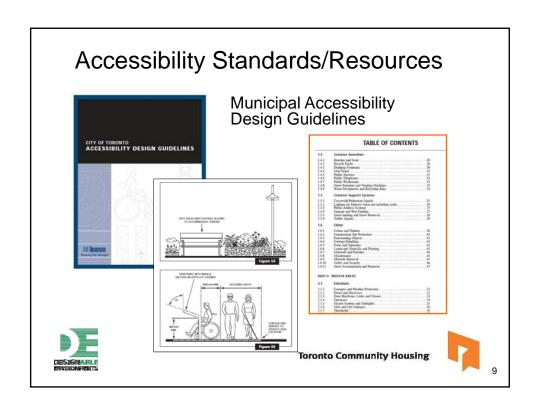










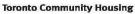




Accessibility Audits

- A. Accessing the Building
- B. Accessible and Using **Exterior Amenities**
- C. Entering the Building
- D. Using Hallways
- E. Using the Elevators
- F. Using the Stairs
- G. Accessible and Using **Interior Amenities**
- H. Evacuating the Building in an Emergency







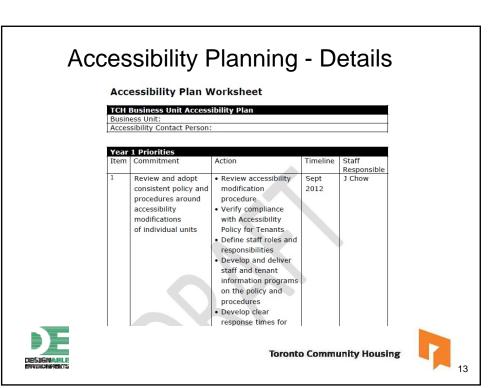
Accessibility Planning - Principles

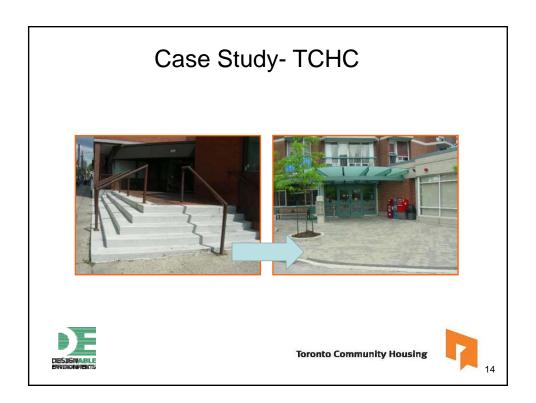
- Working within a shared framework
- Using an *integration approach*
- Using common standards and procedures
- Using reliable information
- Recognizing the big picture
- Remaining *tenant focused*











Early Planning & Investments

- Consultations & plan developed in 2007, included:
 - Tenants
 - Service providers
 - Staff
- Plan guided by tenant / staff steering committee
- Plan approved by TCH board, with resource commitment:
 - \$1.5M
 - 1 FTE
- Social Housing Renovation and Retrofit Program (SHRRP) investments, \$3.7M



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Where we started

Buildings with Elevator/s Accessibility Levels: 260+		2007
•	ot Visit able (Level 0): buildings is not accessible (visit able) due to significant barriers such as front entrance steps or steps leading to elevators to access upper floors.	31%
B	asic Accessibility (Level 1) Tenants and their visitors can be dropped-off from a vehicle, park a vehicle, approach, enter and move through a building, with level access to all units.	42%
• •	nhanced Accessibility (Level 2) Tenants and their visitors can be dropped-off from a vehicle, park a vehicle, approach, enter and move through a building independently, with level access to all units. Key common-use areas of the building are accessible to enter and use by persons with disabilities.	27%







- Cover Page
- Table of Contents
- Introduction
- Deficiency Cost Allocation Summary
- Detailed Audit Findings









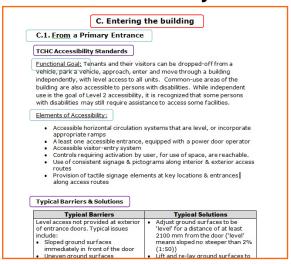


TCH Accessibility Toolkit

- A. Accessing the Building
- B. Accessible and Using **Exterior Amenities**
- C. Entering the Building
- D. Using Hallways
- E. Using the Elevators
- F. Using the Stairs
- G. Accessible and Using Interior Amenities
- H. Evacuating the Building in an Emergency



TCH Accessibility Toolkit







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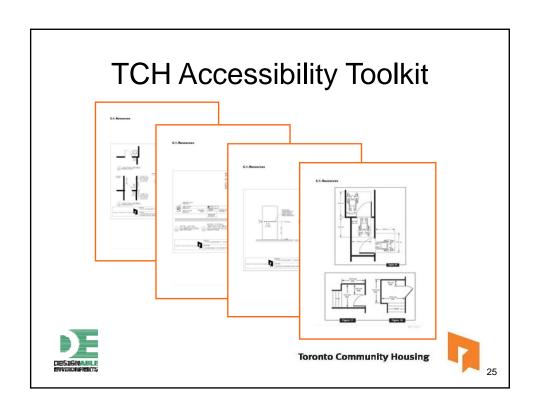


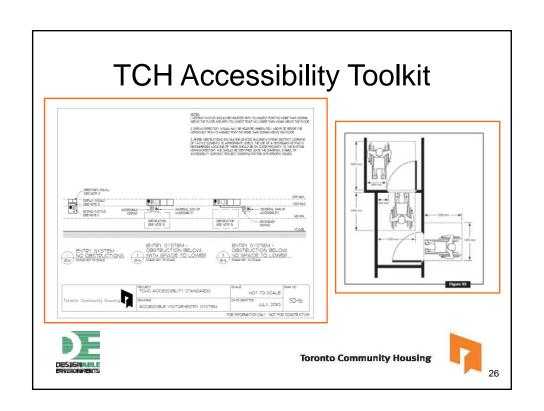
TCH Accessibility Toolkit

Typical Barriers	Typical Solutions		
Controls such as power door operators, light switches, and fobscanners, are not located to be accessible to persons with disabilities. Typical issues include: • Controls that are too high (more than 1200 mm) • Controls and outlets that are too low (less than 400 mm) • Controls that do not have sufficient clear and level floor space in from of them • Controls that are too close to an inner corner, making them difficult to reach • Controls that are too small or awkward to manipulate	Lower controls to no higher than 1200 mm Raise outlets and controls no lower than 400 mm Relocate controls to provide clear and level floor space in front of al least 750 x 1200 mm - but preferably 1200 mm x 1200 mm to allow front or side access to th control Relocate controls to be at least 400 mm away from an inside corner Replace controls with type that can be operated using one hand in a closed-fist position		
Power door operators are not provided or are not appropriately configured. (see also comments above re operating controls)	Ensure that automatic door operators are functioning properly Install power door operator at primary entrance – including inne vestibule doors (if provided)		
Doors in series are not 1200 mm apart	Reconfigure vestibule to provide at least 1200 mm beyond any door swinging into the vestibule.		









Hallway Barrier: New Ramp







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Accessible Parking & Patio









Concrete Planning

260+ buildings with elevator/s:

- 79% households in buildings with elevator/s
- Improvements focused on buildings with elevator/s where the majority of tenants live

128 buildings audited, \$37M estimate - 2012

- 5 year capital plan targeted improvements
- Focus on buildings with 200+ units
- Barrier removal in 4 key areas
- Staff and tenant Consultations



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5-Year Capital Plan

2014 Accessibility Budget is \$2.5M:

- Audited building/s -\$1.6M
- Tenant accommodation

Accessing the building from sidewalks, parking lots and vehicle drop-off areas

Entering the building using the main entrance & key secondary entrances

Hallways leading to key shared rooms/ amenities, offices, laundry rooms

Amenity rooms such as key community rooms

New priority: Scooter access, parking, storage

DESIGNABLE



Our Progress

Completed or in Progress:

- 1.Cedarbrae Manor2.West Don Apartments
- 3.May Robinson Apartments
- 4.Danforth Midland (3

buildings)

5.Sheppard / Victoria Park (2 buildings)

6.Blair Court

7.East York Acres

8.Beecroft Manor

9.Lawrence Galloway (2 buildings)



Tender / Design Stage:

- 1.The Kempford
- 2.Morningside Apartments
- 3.Brimley Acres
- 4. Village Apartments
- 5.Teesdale Place (2 buildings)
- 6.Montgomery Place.
- 7.Robert J. Smith Apartments
- 8. Tandridge Crescent
- 9.Humber Boulevard
- 10.Griggs Manor 1 & 2
- 11.Augusta Avenue Alexandra

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Work Continues

- 16 jobs at consultation stage for 2015
- Accessibility Interdivisional Working Group
- Several new developments underway with above OBC accessibility requirements
- Responsible Personal Accessibility in Toronto Housing (R-PATH)
 Committee ongoing tenant engagement



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Results of Investments

Buildings with Elevator/s Accessibility Levels – 260+	2007	2013
Not Visit able (Level 0): • buildings is not accessible (visit able) due to significant barriers such as front entrance steps or steps leading to elevators to access upper floors	31%	12%
Basic Accessibility (Level 1) Tenants and their visitors can be dropped-off from a vehicle, park a vehicle, approach, enter and move through a building, with level access to all units.	42%	39%
Enhanced Accessibility (Level 2) Tenants and their visitors can be dropped-off from a vehicle, park a vehicle, approach, enter and move through a building independently, with level access to all units. Key common-use areas of the building are accessible to enter and use by persons with disabilities	27%	49%



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Resources

 Accessibility Consultants Association of Ontario



 Ontario Education Collaborative Marketplace



 Global Alliance on Accessible Technologies and Environments (GAATES)









Thank you

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