

BEYOND PRISONS

THE WAY FORWARD

PARTICIPANT INFORMATION

21-26 OCTOBER 2018 Montréal, CANADA



CONTENTS

- ABOUT THE EVENT & AIMS
- WHO SHOULD ATTEND & PROGRAMME
- CONFERENCE REGISTRATION
- 4 FACILITY VISITS
- 5 COMPANION PROGRAMME
- 6 THE CITY
- CORRECTIONAL SERVICE CANADA
- 8 NEED TO KNOW
- 9 THE VENUE
- 10 TRANSPORT TO THE VENUE

ABOUT THE EVENT & AIMS

ABOUT THE EVENT

ICPA's annual conference is one of the largest events in the prisons and correctional field. With over 150 speakers, we provide a rich and diverse programme which covers a wide variety of topics addressing challenges and highlighting best practices. In 2018 ICPA will be back home, in Canada, to celebrate its 20th Anniversary, and to deliver an exclusive an unforgettable event with the support of our hosts - the Correctional Service Canada!

Join us and more than 500 of your colleagues from across the globe for a sharing and learning experience! Hear about best practices, innovations, new approaches and the latest technologies. Take home new perspectives, ideas and a wealth of global insights and practical applications.

Our attendees comprise Heads of Service, CEOs, senior management, correctional practitioners, industry leaders and many experts from the corrections community. If you are a professional working in prisons and corrections or related industries and organisations, then the ICPA conference is for you!

AIMS

The theme this year of our 20th Annual Conference is 'Beyond Prisons: The Way Forward'. For this event we anticipate a conference programme that will challenge partaker's thinking about the underpinning philosophies, strategic direction, policies and practices in their own jurisdictions and globally. A conference agenda that will excite and invigorate participants from all corners of the world with presentations which will address:

- Policies, programs and practices which will be emphasizing going forward to make imprisonment and community supervision both more humane and effective;
- Research to Practice lessons learned in implementing evidence-informed practice and examples of successful, integrated and sustainable strategies;
- Community Engagement examples of doing it well;
- Staff Commitment how can we sustain it;
- Technology how we can use it to humanize our correctional efforts;
- Resource Challenges how we can manage them;
- Emerging Challenges how we can meet them?

CONFERENCE REGISTRATION

If you would like to register for the conference, please visit www.icpa.ca/Montreal2018

EARLY BIRD REGISTRATION RATE

BEFORE 31 AUGUST

MEMBERS \$ 850 USD NON-MEMBERS \$ 900 USD

REGISTRATION RATE

AFTER 31 AUGUST

MEMBERS \$ 925 USD NON-MEMBERS \$ 975 USD

DAY RATE

\$ 350 USD PER DAY

SPECIAL GROUP RATE

\$ 650 USD PER PARTICIPANT

To celebrate ICPA's 20th anniversary, we are offering a special rate of US\$650 per participant for governmental agencies/associations that are registering a group of 20 or more!

To apply, please email contacticpa@icpa.ca for more information.

On Friday 26 October, delegates will have the opportunity to visit a variety of facilities in Montréal to gain a greater understanding into the delivery of prison and conditional release services. The programme will include visits to prisons and premises, which provide residential housing to offenders in the community. A detailed agenda for each visit will be available soon. A brief overview of each of the sites is included. Please be aware that some details may be subject to change.

COMMUNITY RESIDENTIAL FACILITIES (CRF)

Maison St-Léonard, 5262 Notre-Dame St. West, Montreal, Quebec, H4C 1T5

The Maison St-Léonard is a component of Corporation Maison Cross Roads, a not for profit organization affiliated with the Association des Services de Réhabilitation Sociale du Québec, St-Léonard Society of Canada and other organizations with a similar mission.

The primary purpose of Maison St-Léonard is to provide a structured release program for inmates transferred from federal penitentiaries. Residential and supervision services are provided for offenders released on day parole, full parole, statutory release and unescorted temporary absences.

Staff at Maison St-Léonard offer a humanistic and individualized approach to social reintegration. Services are offered in both French and English, which makes this community resource unique.

Maison St-Léonard is located in the St-Henri district of Montreal



The Société Elizabeth Fry du Québec is a community organization founded in 1977. Their mission is to help women who have problems with the criminal justice system and who are determined to change.

In 1980, the Société Elizabeth Fry du Québec opened La Maison Thérèse-Casgrain, the first halfway house for women in Quebec. While the house is in the Notre-Dame-de-Grâce neighbourhood of Montreal, it serves the entire Montreal region as well as the southwest part of the province. Approximately 100 women in the process of reintegration into society are housed in La Maison Thérèse-Casgrain each year. The house is financed in large part by the Correctional Service of Canada as well as les Services correctionnels du Québec.

La Maison Thérèse-Casgrain can welcome up to approximately 40 women for stays that range from several weeks to several months. The residents can be referred by the Établissement Leclerc de Laval (provincial prison), Joliette federal penitentiary, or community correctional workers.





FEDERAL INSTITUTIONS

Federal Training Centre, 6099 Lévesque Boulevard East, Laval, Quebec, H7C 1P1



Federal Training Centre, 600 Montée Saint-François, Laval, Quebec, H7C 1S5



The Federal Training Centre (FTC) is a medium and minimum security federal facility for men. It is located in Laval, Quebec. The FTC is the oldest institution still in operation in the Quebec Region. Initiated in 1932, the institution received its first inmates in 1952.

In April 2014, the FTC was merged, hence the two civic addresses: one multi-level security (minimum/medium) site, and a second minimum security site (formerly Montée-St-François Institution). FTC-site 6099 is based on an open-campus design model. FTC-site 600 is based on an axial design model.

The FTC can accommodate 804 inmates. More specifically, FTC-site 6099 has a cellular capacity of 511 beds, 374 medium and 137 minimum, which are integrated into a dwelling unit as well as into 5 cellular pavilions. FTC-site 600 has a capacity of 293 beds, which are integrated into 3 dwelling units and a cellular block

Regional Reception Centre, 246 Montée Gagnon, Sainte-Anne-des-Plaines, Quebec, JON 1H0

The Regional Reception Centre (RRC) is a multi-level security facility for men. It is located in the city of Sainte-Anne-des-Plaines, Quebec. The RRC is located on the same property as Archambault Institution and the Regional Mental Health Centre. The RRC is located about 30 kilometres northwest of Laval. Quebec.

The RRC was opened in 1973, and includes the Reception Unit, the Maximal Security Unit and the Special Handling Unit (SHU) (open since 1984).

The RRC receives all offenders sentenced to two years or more in the Quebec Region for the initial assessment. This process allows CSC to assess the inmate's risk, establishes program-level needs, and transfers them to a penitentiary that meets the security level that has been assigned to them. The RRC has a capacity of 336 beds.

In addition, the SHU is a distinctive unit of the RRC that houses high-risk offenders that cannot be managed in a regular maximum institution because of the risk they represent. The SHU has a capacity of 90 beds.

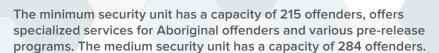
The RRC also coordinates all regional inmates' transfers, air transportation between the Quebec and Atlantic Region, as well as international transfers when required.



Archambault Institution, 242 Montée Gagnon, Sainte-Anne-des-Plaines, Quebec, JON 1H0

Archambault Institution is a clustered facility with medium and minimum security units for males, located in the city of Sainte-Anne-des-Plaines. Archambault Institution is on the same site as the Regional Reception Centre.

Archambault has been a clustered facility since April 2014. The medium unit is based on a radial design model and the minimum unit is based on a residential design model. Previously, the medium and minimum units were two distinct institutions, which opened in 1969 and 1968 respectively. The medium unit is made up of three separate blocks, two of which have 142 cells and hold regular medium security male offenders as well as post-suspension detainees. The third unit is the Regional Mental Health Centre. The regional hospital is also part of the structure of the institution welcoming inmates from all institutions in Quebec as an alternative to hospitalization, convalescence and palliative care.





Joliette Institution, 400 Marsolais Street, Joliette, Quebec, J6E 8V4

Joliette Institution for women is located in Joliette, Quebec, about 80 kilometres north of Montreal, and has been operational since January 1997. It is one of five regional facilities for women across Canada. It is a multi-level security institution with a capacity of 132 offenders.

In the fall of 2001, the Structured Living Environment (SLE) in Joliette Institution opened. The SLE provides a therapeutic, multidisciplinary treatment approach for minimum and medium security women offenders with mental health concerns. In 2015, two units were added in the context of the Intensive Intervention Strategy for Women in order to respond to the security and mental health needs of women offenders who cannot be managed within the general population. The SLE has a capacity of 12 offenders.

The Secure Unit in Joliette Institution is a maximum security unit where women offenders are housed in cells requiring closer monitoring. The unit has a capacity of 20 offenders. The Regular units are ten residential buildings in which minimum and medium security offenders from the general population are housed. Each unit has a capacity of ten offenders.



Drummond Institution, 2025 Jean-de-Brébeuf Boulevard, Drummondville, Quebec, J2B 7Z6

Drummond Institution is a medium security facility for men. It is located in Drummondville, Quebec, some 100 kilometres northeast of Montreal.

Drummond Institution was opened in 1984, and was built on an open campus model.

Inmates are housed in six residential units with a capacity varying from 58 to 62 beds, one of these units is comprised of three cells adapted for clients with a disability and also an isolation unit comprised of 21 beds. The institution's rated capacity is 369 beds.



PROVINCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Sorel-Tracy Detention Facility, 400, Auber Street, Sorel, Quebec, J3P 0S3



Sorel-Tracy Detention Facility, located in the city of Sorel-Tracy, approximately 90 km east of Montreal, is a multi-level security facility. Under the jurisdiction of the Quebec Ministry of Public Security, it accommodates adult men in pre-trial detention or those sentenced to a term of imprisonment of less than two years.

The new Sorel-Tracy Detention Facility opened on May 23, 2017. It replaces the old Sorel Detention Facility, which will be handed over to the Société québecoise des infrastructures.

The facility, which includes eight housing pavilions, meets the current prison standards, specifically with regard to safety installations and equipment. It also provides an improved working environment for correctional services officers and other staff members.

The new facility also provides better management of the prison population with additional capacity for 212 more beds, increasing from 88 to 300 beds.

The new pavilion-type building can better meet functional requirements and safety needs.

Rivière-Des-Prairies Detention Facility, 11900 Armand-Chaput Avenue, Montreal, Quebec, H1C 1S7



The Rivière-des-Prairies Detention Facility is located in the Rivière-des-Prairies borough of Montreal, at the northeast end of the island of Montreal. It is a multi-level security facility operated by the Quebec Ministry of Public Safety that houses adult men who are mostly on remand.

The Rivière-des-Prairies Detention Facility opened in 1996, replacing the prevention centre located in the Sûreté du Québec building on Parthenais Street, in Montreal. It is a pavilion-type detention facility with a capacity of 541 beds. The facility is known for being the hub of the Quebec correctional network, receiving a high number of admissions (over 13,000) annually.

It is also known for its ability to manage individuals who pose a high security risk and/or a high risk of escaping. For the last two years, the institution has been at the forefront of implementing video appearances for inmates using a model that is currently being repeated in several of the network's institutions.

WHO SHOULD ATTEND & PROGRAMME

WHO SHOULD ATTEND

With such a wide variety of presentations on offer the ICPA's annual conference attracts participants from a variety of sectors including Government representatives, Public Sector Heads of Service, Ministry of Justice policy-makers, Senior Practitioners and Heads of Department, including psychologists, sociologists, healthcare professionals, researchers, security and operations experts, to name a few. Private Sector representatives attend on behalf of major service providers, technology and security industries, database and software engineering, etc. and includes CEOs, CIOs, industry entrepreneurs and experts from their respective fields. Academics from criminology and research departments also attend and present their work during our annual conference. Further to this many key personnel from NGOs, Non-Profit Associations, Third Sector/Charitable Organisations participate in this major event. Is this conference for you? If you work in the corrections field and have a passion for advancing the work that you do then the answer is yes!

PROGRAMME

SUNDAY 21 OCT 2018

Pre-Conference Symposium, Welcome Reception MONDAY 22 OCT 2018

Sessions and Host Reception

TUESDAY23 OCT 2018

Sessions, Distinguished Scholar Lecture, Annual General Meeting

WEDNESDAY 24 OCT 2018 HOST DAY

Sessions and ICPA
Correctional Excellence
Awards Ceremony
and Gala Dinner

THURSDAY 25 OCT 2018

Sessions and Closing Remarks

FRIDAY 26 OCT 2018

Facility Tours

COMPANION PROGRAMME

ICPA will be running its Companion Programme in parallel with the main event.

Treat your spouse or a family member by registering them to take part in three fun-filled days of exploring the dynamic city of Montréal and it's surroundings.

REGISTER NOW & SECURE YOUR PLACE

PACKAGE PRICE: \$ 395 USD PER PERSON

LIMITED TO 45 PARTICIPANTS!

FOR MORE INFO VISIT: www.icpa.ca/Montreal2018

*Companions are welcome to attend Opening Ceremony & Welcome Sessions on Monday but are not permitted to attend conference sessions.

Exact details of the programme may change according to the programme requirements.

SUNDAY 21 OCTOBER 2018

CONFERENCE WELCOME **RECEPTION**

Begins: 19:00 / Ends: 22:00

MONDAY 22 OCTOBER 2018

MEET & GREET*

Begins: 11:00 / Ends: 12:00*

Host Reception

Begins: 19:00 / Ends: 23:00

TUESDAY 23 OCTOBER 2018

CITY TOUR OF MONTRÉAL

Start the morning with a walking tour of Old Montréal and a visit to Notre-Dame Basilica. Then hop on a private coach for a tour of Montréal stopping along the way at Mont-Royal for a panoramic view of the city and a tasting of Montréal bagels.

Departure: 9:30 / Return: appr. 16:30

Entrance to Notre-Dame Basilica and lunch included

WEDNESDAY 24 OCTOBER 2018

THE RICHELIEU VALLEY

Full day tour of the Richelieu Valley with an English speaking guide.

Departure: 10:00 / Return: appr. 16:00

Entrance to all visits and tastings and 3 course lunch included

ICPA Correctional Excellence Awards

Ceremony & Gala Dinner Begins: 19:00 / Ends: 23:00

THURSDAY 25 OCTOBER 2018

A DAY IN QUÉBEC CITY

Full day tour of Québec with an English speaking guide

3 course lunch included

Departure: 8:00 / Return: appr. 20:00



Montréal is the most populous municipality in the Canadian province of Québec and the second-most populous municipality in Canada as a whole. Originally called Ville-Marie, or "City of Mary", it is named after Mount Royal, the triple-peaked hill in the heart of the city. The city is centred on the Island of Montréal, which took its name from the same source as the city, and a few much smaller peripheral islands, the largest of which is Île Bizard. It has a distinct four-season continental climate with warm to hot summers and cold snowy winters.

In 2016 the city had a population of 1,704,694. Montréal's metropolitan area had a population of 4,098,927 and a population of 1,942,044 in the urban agglomeration, with all of the municipalities on the Island of Montréal included. French is the city's official language and is the language spoken at home by 49.8% of the population of the city, followed by English at 22.8% and 18.3% other languages. The agglomeration Montréal is one of the most bilingual cities in Québec and Canada, with over 59% of the population able to speak both English and French.

Historically the commercial capital of Canada, Montréal was surpassed in population and in economic strength by Toronto in the 1970s. It remains an important centre of commerce, aerospace, transport, finance, pharmaceuticals, technology, design, education, art, culture, tourism, food, fashion, gaming, film and world affairs.

Montréal architecture is a juxtaposition of old and new, in which the legacy of events such as the 1967 World Exhibition and the 1976 Olympics plays an important role. As the industrial and financial centre of Canada in the 19th century, the city has its own impressive heritage.

Some of the city's earliest still-standing buildings date back to the late 16th and early 17th centuries. Although most are clustered around the Old Montréal area, such as the Sulpician Seminary adjacent to Notre Dame Basilica that dates back to 1687, and Château Ramezay, which was built in 1705, examples of early colonial architecture are dotted throughout the city. Situated in Lachine, the Le Ber-Le Moyne House is the oldest complete building in the city. In Point St. Charles visitors can see the Maison Saint-Gabriel, which can trace its history back to 1698. There are many historic buildings in Old Montréal in their original form: Notre Dame of Montréal Basilica, Bonsecours Market, and the 19th-century headquarters of all major Canadian banks on St. James Street (French: Rue Saint Jacques). Montréal's earliest buildings are characterized by their uniquely French influence and grey stone construction.

CORRECTIONAL SERVICE CANADA

Correctional Service Canada (CSC) is a federal agency within the Government of Canada's Public Safety portfolio. We contribute to public safety by administering court-imposed sentences of two years or more.

Our work involves:

- · managing institutions of various security levels;
- preparing inmates for safe and timely release;
- supervising offenders under conditional release and long-term supervision orders in the community.

We have over 18,000 employees. 77 per cent of them work in institutions

We are responsible for approximately 23,000 offenders. Approximately 15,000 of them are incarcerated and 8,000 are supervised in the community.



Our key priorities are:

- safe management of eligible offenders during their transition from the institution to the community, and while on supervision;
- safety and security of the public, victims, staff and offenders in institutions and the community;
- effective, culturally appropriate interventions and reintegration support for First Nations, Métis and Inuit offenders;
- effective and timely interventions in addressing mental health needs of offenders;
- efficient and effective management practices that reflect values-based leadership in a changing environment;
- productive relationships with diverse partners, stakeholders victims' groups, and others involved in support of public safety.

CSC manages:

- 43 institutions of various security levels (including four Aboriginal healing lodges and six women's institutions);
- 15 community correctional centres;
- 92 parole offices.

CSC also has partnerships with non-governmental organizations such as the John Howard Society and the Elizabeth Fry Society, which:

- operate approximately 200 community residential facilities across the country;
- provide accommodation, 24-hour supervision, counseling and programming to help offenders to successfully reintegrate into the community.

NEED TO KNOW



VISA

Visitors need a valid passport to enter Canada. They may also require a visa (see below). For information, check with your local Canadian embassy or consulate.

More information: www.cic.gc.ca/english/visit/visas.asp



CURRENCY

The unit of currency is the Canadian dollar. Coins are in denominations of 5, 10 and 25 cents, and \$1 (a large gold-coloured coin) and \$2 (a large bimetallic coin). Bills in \$5 (blue), \$10 (purple) and \$20 (green) are in common circulation. You can get \$50s (red) and \$100s (brown) from banks, though not from most automatic teller machines (ATMs)



EXCHANGE

There are many currency exchange centres throughout the downtown area. They either charge a fee or take a couple of percentage points off the exchange rate for their services. Banks can usually handle U.S. funds without any problem but may not be prepared to handle other currencies.



CREDIT CARDS AND CASH MACHINES IN MONTRÉAL

Most stores and restaurants accept Visa and MasterCard and some accept American Express.

Most ATMs are networked to Cirrus and Interac and accept major credit cards if you have a PIN to enter into the machine.



TAXES

Most goods and services in Québec are subject to two taxes, a federal Goods and Services Tax of 5% (usually listed as TPS on receipts – Taxe sur les produits et services) and a provincial sales tax of 9.975% (TVQ on receipts – Taxe de vente du Québec). An accommodation tax of 3.5% per night of hotel stay is also charged.

THE VENUE*

The Montréal Marriott Château Champlain Hotel

Montréal Marriott Château Champlain Hotel is in the heart of this beautiful city. From its landmark setting, the Marriott Château Champlain effortlessly provides its guests with one of the most central locations of any downtown Montréal Hotel.

The hotel has 611 stylish rooms including 23 luxurious suites. From ergonomically-designed desks, chairs and flexible LED bedside lighting to cutting-edge in-room technology, wireless high-speed internet (up to for a maximum usage of 10 Mbps) to flat screen HD LCD TVs and sleep-friendly beds, every amenity has been meticulously engineered to ensure ultimate productivity while travelling on business.



ROOM RATES (\$CAD): \$ 215 Per Night

This Package Includes:

Accommodation;

Complimentary Internet;

Terms and Conditions:

Government taxes and charges are not included.

Breakfast is not included in the price.

Early Bird Rates valid for bookings until 30 June 2018.

Please note that the ICPA special rate only applies between the 21st – 26th of October 2018

More information available at: www.icpa.ca/Montreal2018

* ICPA is not responsible for your accommodation arrangements. Please ensure that you direct any booking queries to the hotel.







TRANSPORT TO THE VENUE

FROM PIERRE ELLIOTT TRUDEAU INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT (YUL) (FORMERLY DORVAL AIRPORT)

BY CAR

Follow Hwy 20 East to Hwy 720 East. Take Exit #4 St. Jacques/ De La Montagne. Follow St. Jacques Street. St. Jacques Street turn left. Next traffic light is Peel Street. Turn left. Drive all the way up the hill. Hotel will be on your right at the corner of Peel and de la Gauchetière.

CITY BUS

Take bus number 747 from the airport Exit bus at René-Lévesque / Peel Walk to Montréal Marriott Château Champlain Hotel— 4 minutes \$10 cash (coin only) or you can purchase a ticket at the airport from a machine.

TAXI DETAILS

Taxi from Montréal airport (YUL) to Montréal Marriott Château Champlain Hotel – Flat rate \$40 one way (16 minutes)

UBER DETAILS

Uber from Montréal airport (YUL) to Montréal Marriott Château Champlain Hotel.

Estimated Price* \$22.00 - \$45.00

*All rates are shown in Canadian Dollars (\$CAD)







PARTICIPANT INFORMATION

www.icpa.ca/Montreal2018

