## Reconstructing histories of environmental contamination in lakes near *in-situ* operations at Cold Lake using sediment cores



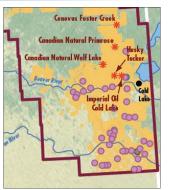
**Jennifer Korosi,\*** Colin Cooke, Elliott Skierszkan, David Eickmeyer, Linda Kimpe, and Jules Blais

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## The Cold Lake Oil Sands



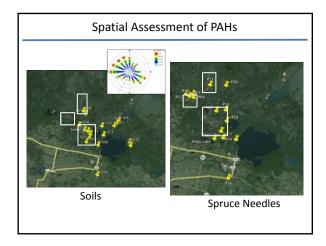
• No refineries or upgraders nearby

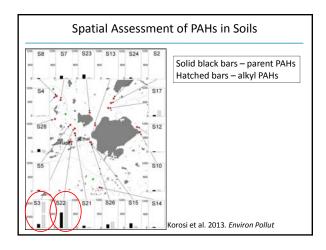


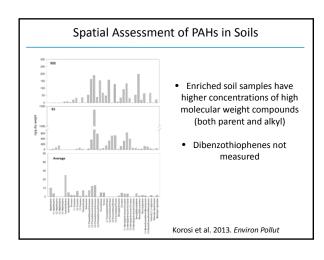
## Initial Studies - 2013

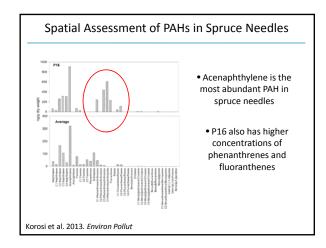
- Designed to investigate whether *in-situ* operations contribute to atmospheric contaminants
- No evidence of metal contamination
- Some evidence of PAH contamination at certain sites, but does not appear to be consistent with an atmospheric source

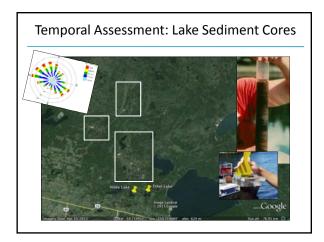
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soil, spruce r bitumen extra	needles, and lake sediments link	ked to in-situ

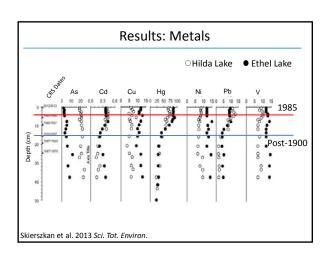


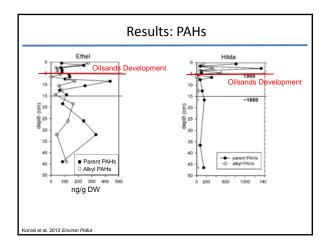


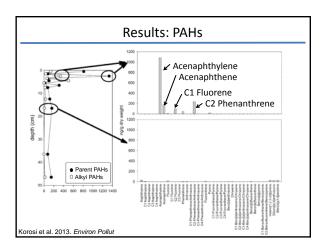


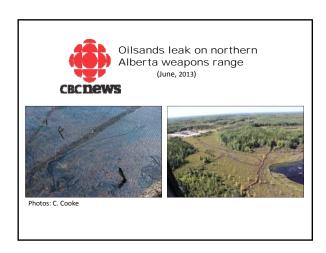


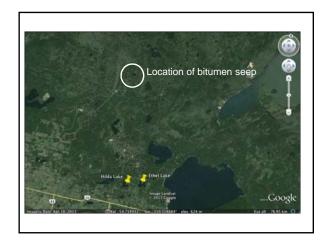




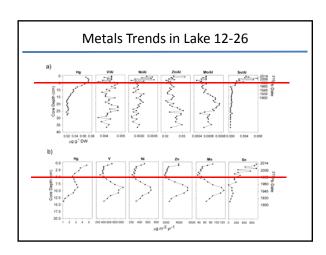


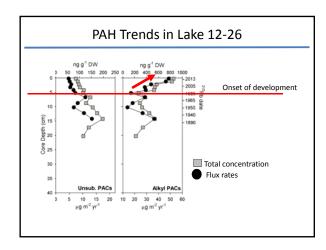


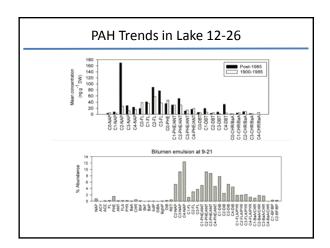


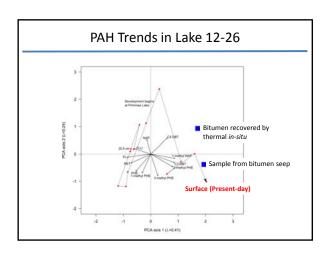












## Summary

- Evidence of increases in PAHs in lakes near in-situ facilities, but the trends and composition of PAHs differs between them
- No evidence of an increase in vanadium. Recent, post-development increases in other metals (e.g. zinc, nickel), but unclear at present if this is linked to oil sands operations
  - Sources and potential mechanisms for PAH enrichment are unknown; an important area for future study