



## **Good Clinical Practice, Investigational Medicinal Product Trials**

**Update on Clinical Trials Regulation EU No 536/2014** 

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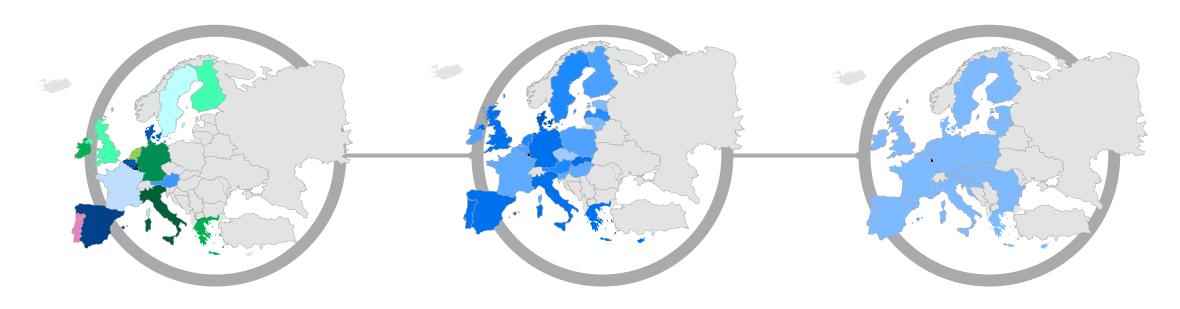




**Before May 2004** 

**Directive 2001/20/EC** 

Regulation 536/2014



Different processes and requirements

First step to harmonize

**Published in 2014** 



#### **Objective of the Regulation**



- > To protect the rights, safety, dignity and well-being of subjects and the reliability and robustness of data generated in the CT
- > To foster innovation and simplify the clinical trial application process
- ➤ To increase transparency, keeping the balance between protection of public health and fostering innovation capacity of European medical research while recognising the legitimate economic interests of sponsors



## Let's review main differences between Directive and Regulation



Directive 2001/20/EC

Regulation 536/2014

#### **Submission**

Multiple submissions for one trial/no harmonized dossier

#### Assessment

Individual assessment by each MSC with no IT collaboration tool available

NCA and Ethics committees independent assessment

#### Transparency

Limited EudraCT data availability to the public: structured data from the application (CTA) and summary of results

#### **Submission**

Single e-submission to all MSCs/harmonized dossier for one trial

#### Assessment

Joint assessment for Part I facilitated by collaboration tools

Single MSC decision

#### Transparency

Increased transparency







Application 6 months after confirmation published in the OJ of full functionality of EU portal and EU database.

The system could be ready to go live later in 2020.



## **National implementation of the Regulation**



- > Regulations have binding legal force
- > Specific national legislation still required as the Regulation defers to national legislation for detailed requirements:

Role and composition of ethics committee	Informed consent: for who can take consent, who can provide consent	Incapacitated subjects: more stringent rules in national legislation
Legal Representative: MS can opt out and request a contact person only	Insurance/indemnity arrangements	Inclusion of prisoners, care home residents, military personnel
Investigator must be a medical doctor: unless national law specify	MS lay down penalties	Medical files archived as per national legislation



### **Implementation in Ireland**

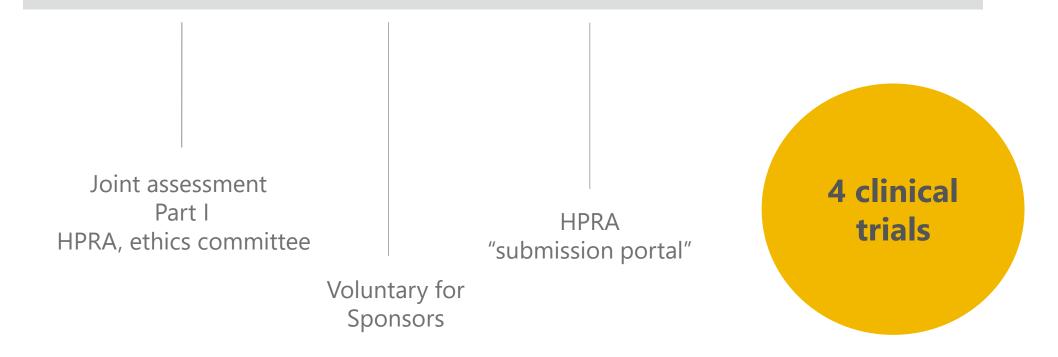








#### Clinical Trials Regulation (EU) No. 536/2014 Pilot Project



Guide to Clinical Trials Regulation (EU) No. 536/2014 Pilot Project - Ireland



The sponsor of a clinical trial and the investigator shall ensure that the clinical trial is conducted in accordance with the protocol and with the principles of good clinical practice

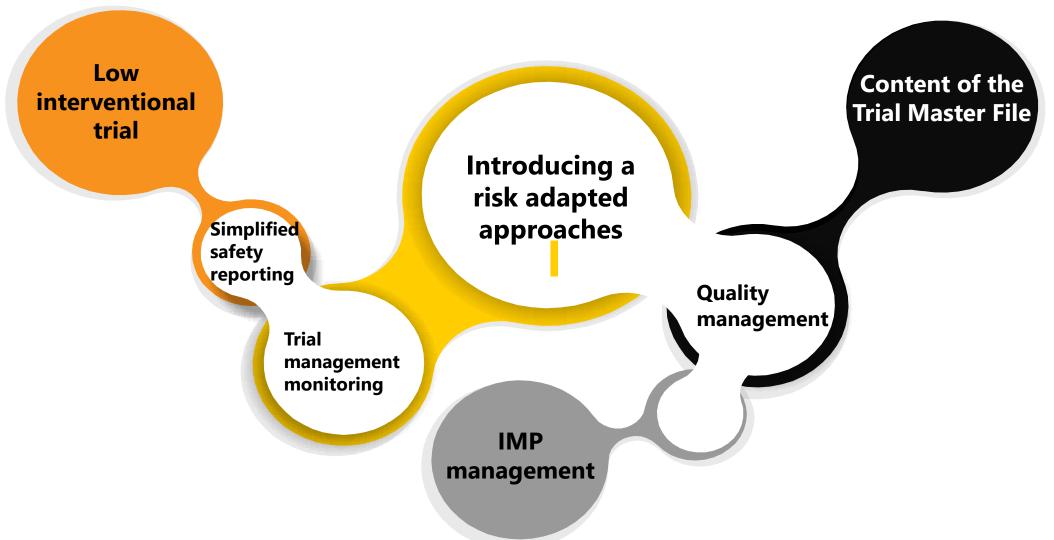


Article 47, Regulation 536/2014



## **GCP** related changes in the Regulation









## Other GCP related changes

Mandatory reporting of serious breaches

Content of the trial protocol is defined by Annex I of the Regulation

Publication of inspection reports



# **Transparency-** Balancing between public interest and sponsor's economic interest

Introduction of trial categories

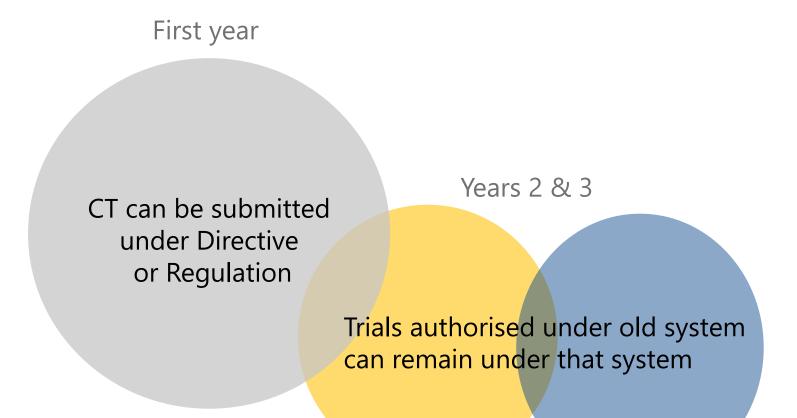
Depending on the category of trial the sponsor can defer publication of certain data and documents up to a maximum time limit



Appendix, on disclosure rules, to the "Functional specifications for the EU portal and EU database to be audited - EMA/42176/2014

### **Transition period**





earlier transition possible years Regulation All CTs to switch to new after implementation. Voluntary

CTFG Best Practice Guide for sponsors of multinational clinical trials with different protocol versions approved in different Member States under Directive 2001/20/EC that will transition to Regulation (EU) No. 536/2014





## Thank you