

Outline

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Recent Shocks Faced by the Emerging Economies

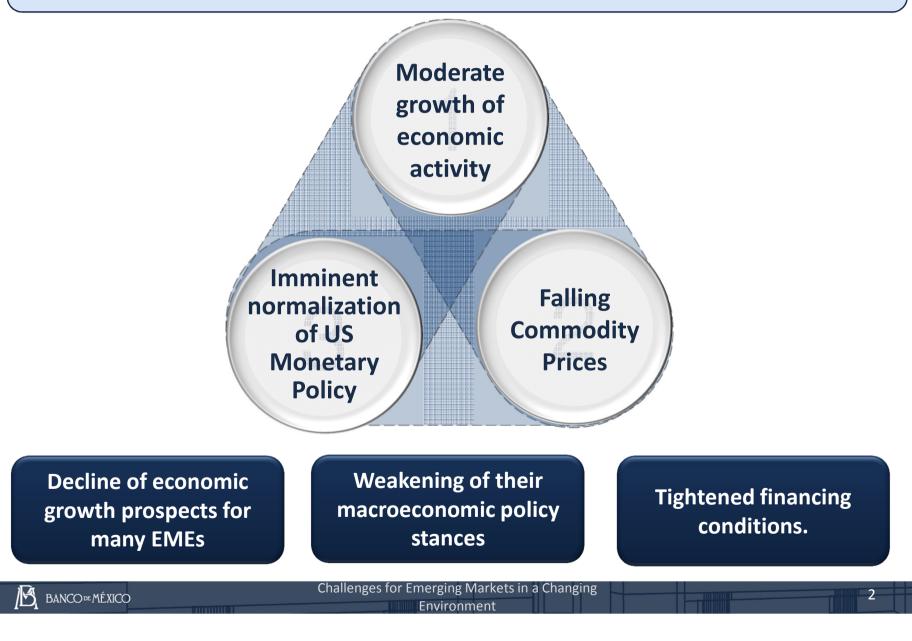
2 Mexico's Three Pillar Approach

Recent Economic Developments in Mexico

4 Final Remarks

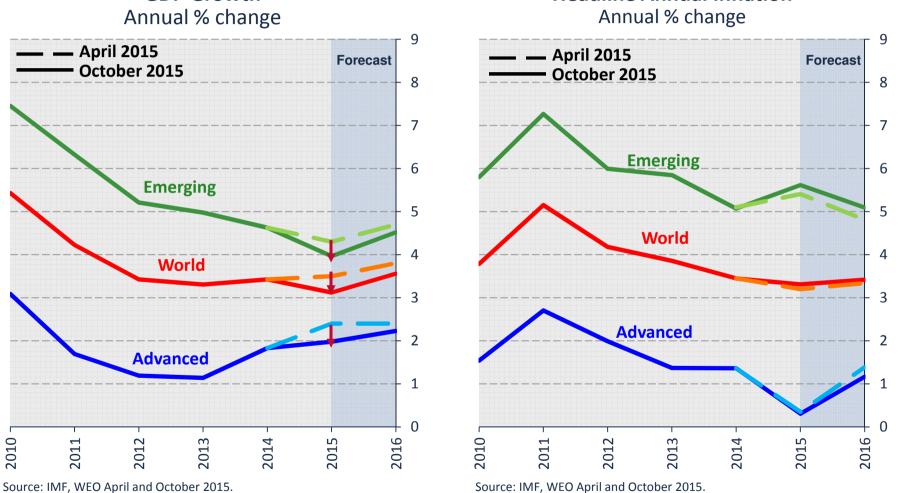


Emerging Market Economies (EMEs) are facing a difficult economic situation



1 World economic activity continued weakening.

GDP Growth



World Economy

Headline Annual Inflation

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Source: IMF, WEO April and October 2015.

Challenges for Emerging Markets in a Changing

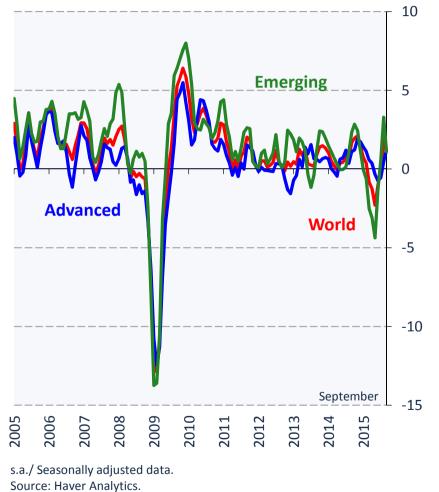
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Under this environment, world trade and global industrial production has decelerated.



Global Industrial Production





s.a./ Seasonally adjusted data.

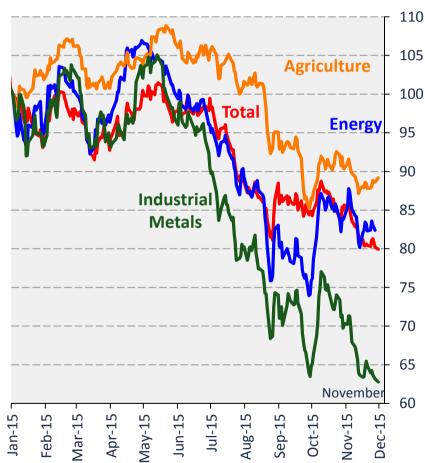
Source: Haver Analytics.

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2 Energy and other commodity prices have continued falling.

Futures 1/ WTI **Mexican Oil Mix**

Crude Oil Prices USD per barrel Commodities Prices ^{2/} Index Jan-2005=100

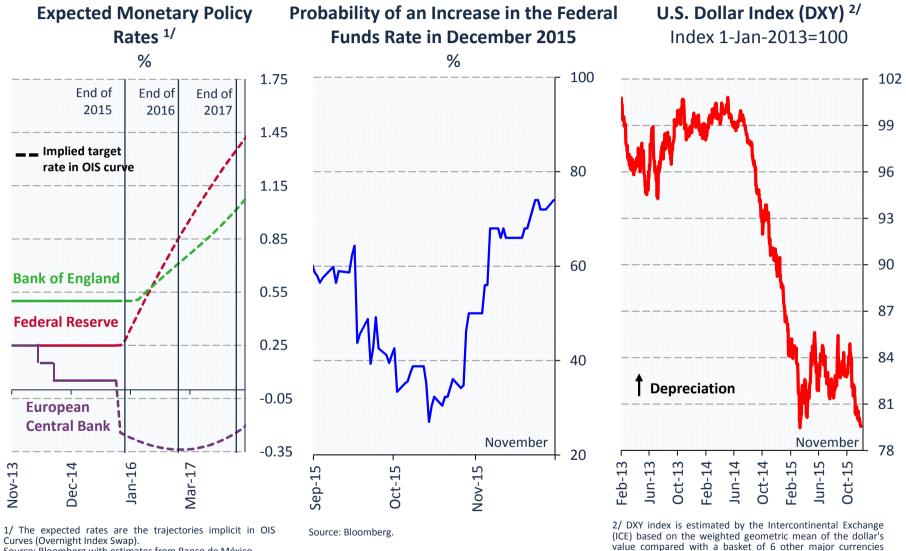


2/ It refers to the Thomson Reuters' CRB index composed by 19 raw materials divided in 4 groups: energy (39%), agriculture (41%), precious metals (7%) and industrial metals (13%). Source: Bloomberg.

1/ Data up to November 30, 2015. Source: Bloomberg.

Challenges for Emerging Markets in a Changing

3 In international financial markets, it is expected an imminent normalization of US monetary policy.



Source: Bloomberg with estimates from Banco de México.

Challenges for Emerging Markets in a Changing Environment

which are: EUR: 57.6%, JPY: 13.6%, GBP: 11.9%, CAD: 9.1%,

SEK: 4.2%, and CHF: 3.6%. Source: Bloomberg.

In an extremely complex international environment, EMEs currencies have depreciated in a context of high volatility in financial markets.

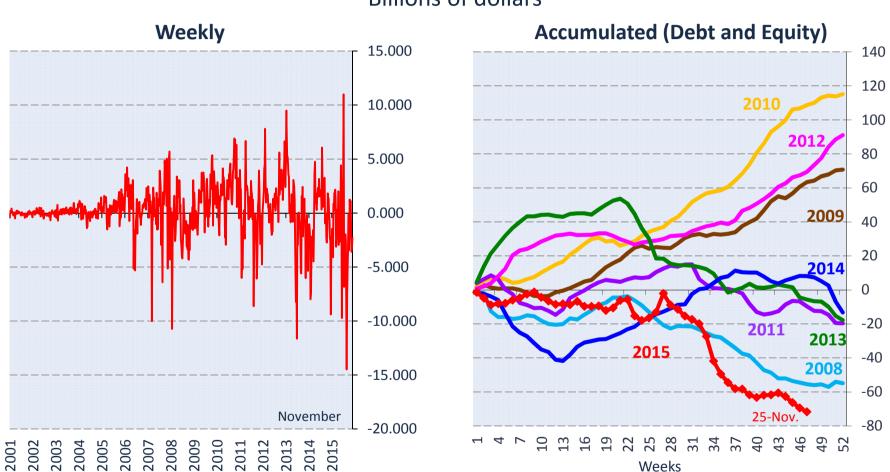


1/ Average of the implied volatility in *put* options for one month of the exchange rate for the following countries: Brazil, Chile, Korea, India, Mexico, Peru, Poland, South Africa, and Turkey. Source: Bloomberg.

Emerging Economies

Nominal Exchange Rate against USD Index 01-Jan-2013 = 100210 Depreciation Brazi 190 Colombia 170 Turkey 150 **South Africa** 130 110 **Mexico** November Poland 90 Jul-15 Sep-15 Jan-15 May-13 Nov-13 Sep-14 Nov-14 Mar-15 May-15 Nov-15 Jan-14 May-14 m Jul-14 Mar-13 Sep-13 Mar-14 Jul-13 Jan-1 Source: Bloomberg.

Challenges for Emerging Markets in a Changing Environment With respect to changes in the portfolio allocations of the global investors, capital outflows from emerging economies have been observed.



Emerging Markets: Capital Flows ^{1/} Billions of dollars

1/ The sample covers funds used for the buying-selling of stocks and bonds from emerging countries, recorded in advanced countries. Flows exclude portfolio performance and changes in the exchange rate.

Source: Emerging Portfolio Fund Research.

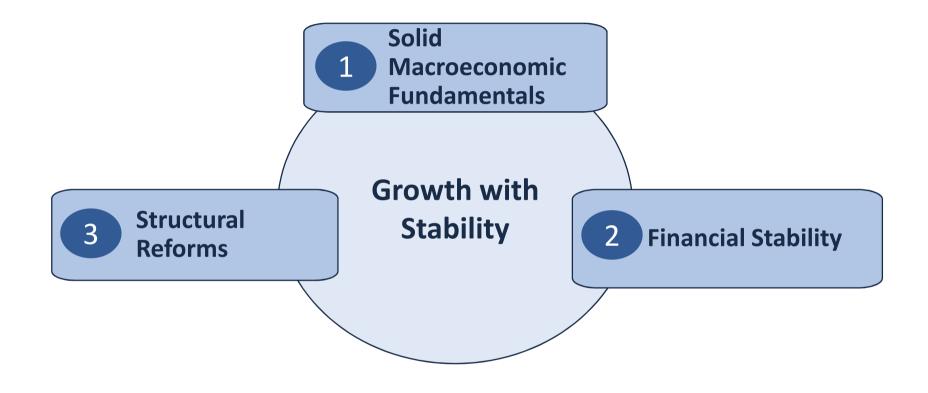
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Outline





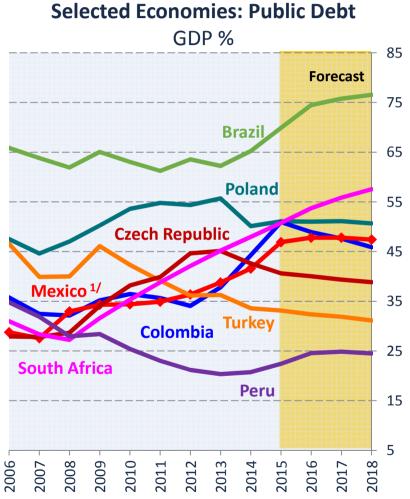
In Mexico, authorities have followed a Three Pillar Approach to face the challenges posed by the shocks described before:



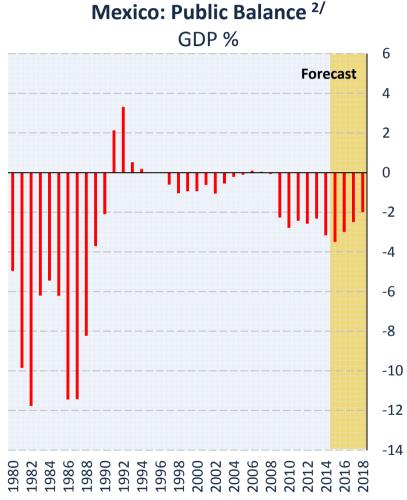
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1 Comprehensive Strategy: Solid macroeconomic fundamentals

Fiscal adjustment: Ongoing fiscal consolidation process.



^{1/} Public Sector Borrowing Requirements Historical Balance. Source: Fiscal Monitor (IMF) and Mexico's Ministry of Finance (SHCP).

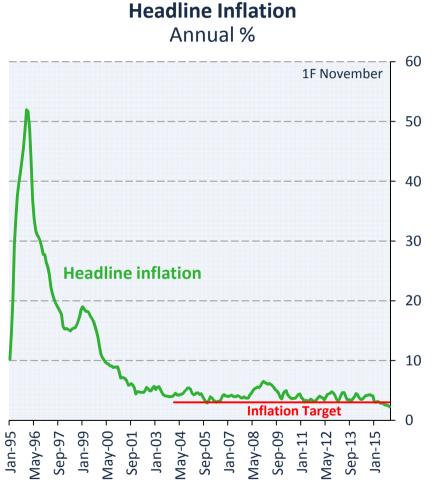


2/ It referts to Economic Balance. A negative (positive) sign means deficit (surplus). Source: Mexico's Ministry of Finance (SHCP).

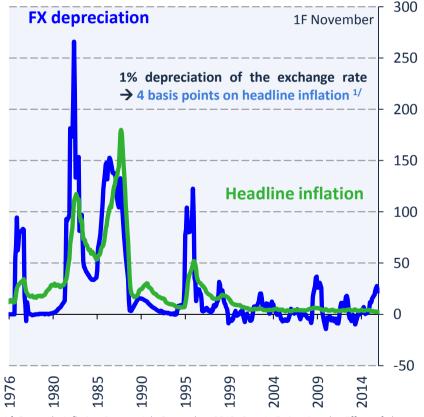


Challenges for Emerging Markets in a Changing Environment 1) Comprehensive Strategy: Solid macroeconomic fundamentals

<u>Monetary Policy focused on price stability</u>: Inflation has converged to the 3 percent target and a low passthrough from FX depreciation to prices has been observed.



Headline Inflation and Nominal Exchange Rate Depreciation: 1976-2014 Annual % change



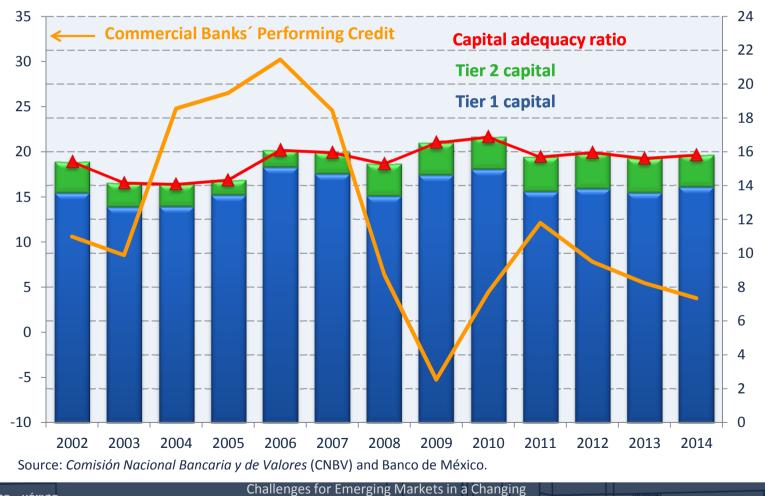
 Quarterly Inflation Report, July-September 2012, Box 1. Estimating the Effect of the Exchange Rate Adjustment on Inflation. Banco de México.
Source: INEGI and Banco de México.

Source: Banco de México and INEGI

2 Comprehensive Strategy: Financial Stability

Well-capitalized banking system, with adequate regulation and supervision.

Banks' Capital Adequacy Ratio and Performing Credit % and real annual % change



2 Comprehensive Strategy: Financial Stability

In order to strengthen <u>financial stability</u> in Mexico, a number of measures have been undertaken.

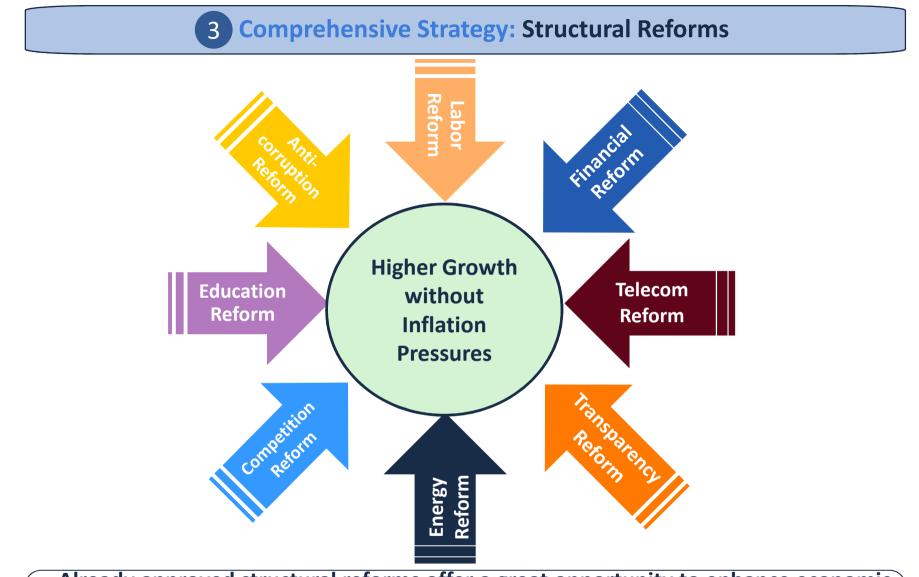
International Reserves USD billion



Strengthening Financial Stability

- Coordinated analysis: Financial System Stability Council (2009).
- ✓ Hedging of oil price risk.
- ✓ Active external debt management.
- ✓ Availability of IMF's FCL.
- ✓ Rules based FX interventions.
- ✓ Full implementation of international financial reforms.





Already approved structural reforms offer a great opportunity to enhance economic growth. So far, some encouraging signs have been observed in key sectors. However, great challenges remain in their implementation, thus there is no room for complacency.

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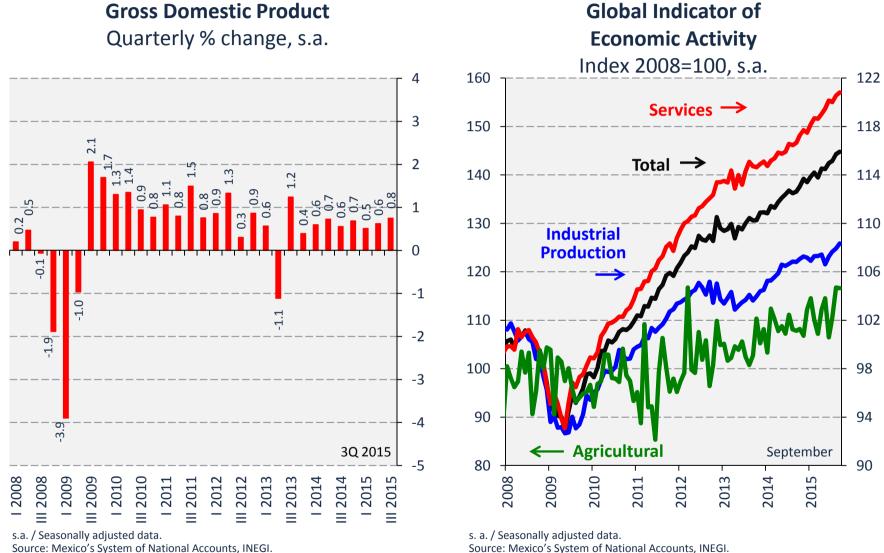
Recent Economic Developments in Mexico

4 Final Remarks



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Economic activity in Mexico has exhibited a moderate growth rate.

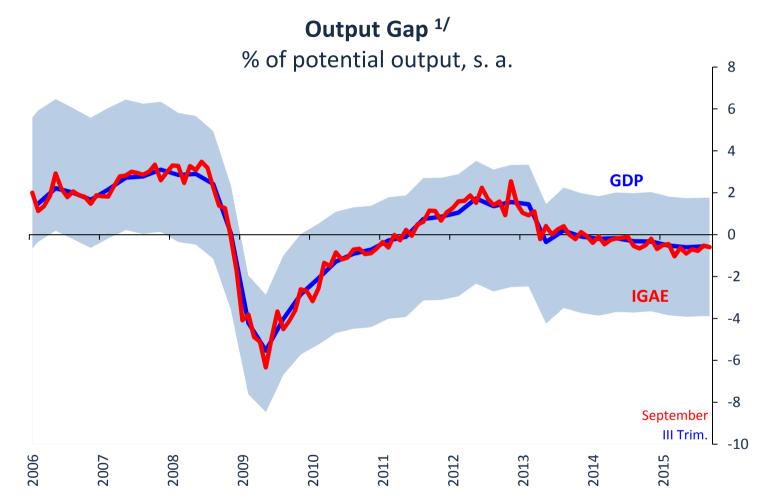


Source: Mexico's System of National Accounts, INEGI.



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In light of the abovesaid, slack conditions are expected to persist in the economy in the coming years, although gradually declining.



s.a. / Calculated with seasonally adjusted data.

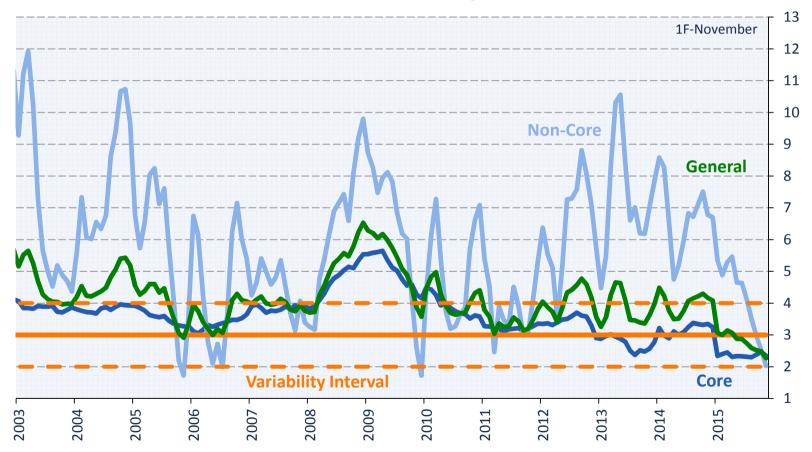
1/ Estimated using the Hodrick-Prescott (HP) filter with tail correction method; see Banco de México (2009), "Inflation Report April–June 2009", p.69. The shaded area is the 95% confidence interval of the output gap, calculated with an unobserved components method. Source: Calculated by Banco de México with data from INEGI.

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| | Environment | | |

Annual headline inflation has been declining and locates below the 3 percent inflation target, at new historical minimum levels.

Consumer Price Index

Annual % change



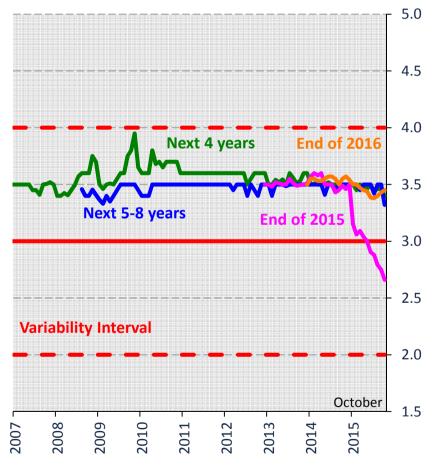
Source: Banco de México and INEGI.

Inflation expectations implicit in long-term market instruments have remained stable, while survey-based ones for the end of 2015 kept decreasing.

Break-even Inflation Decomposition ^{1/} % 8.0 Break-even inflation implicit in 10-year 3.07 bonds 7.0 3.22 Long-term inflation expectation Inflationary risk premium -0.14 6.0 5.0 4.0 3.0 2.0 1.0 0.0 September -1.0 2006 2014 2005 2008 2009 2010 Ы 2007 2011 \mathbf{c} 2013 201 201

1/The inflation risk Premium is calculated with data from Valmer and Bloomberg, based on the methodology described in Box 1 "Decomposition of the Break-even Inflation" of the Quarterly Report October-December 2013.

Annual Headline Inflation Expectations Median, %



Source: Survey of private sector economic analysts' expectations, Banco de México.



Challenges for Emerging Markets in a Changing Environment

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Final Remarks

- Emerging Market Economies (EMEs) are facing a difficult economic situation in the light of a moderate growth of economic activity, falling commodity prices and the expectation of higher interest rates.
- 2 Macroeconomic fundamentals in a number of EMEs have deteriorated given the external shocks that these economies have faced and the accumulation of some macroeconomic unbalances in the last years.
- In spite of the recent shocks, Mexico has preserved its strong macroeconomic fundamentals. There are no macroeconomic and/or financial imbalances in Mexico.
- In Mexico, long term prospects are favorable as it is one of the few economies that could consolidate higher growth rates with macro and financial stability.
 - ✓ Structural reforms potential.



