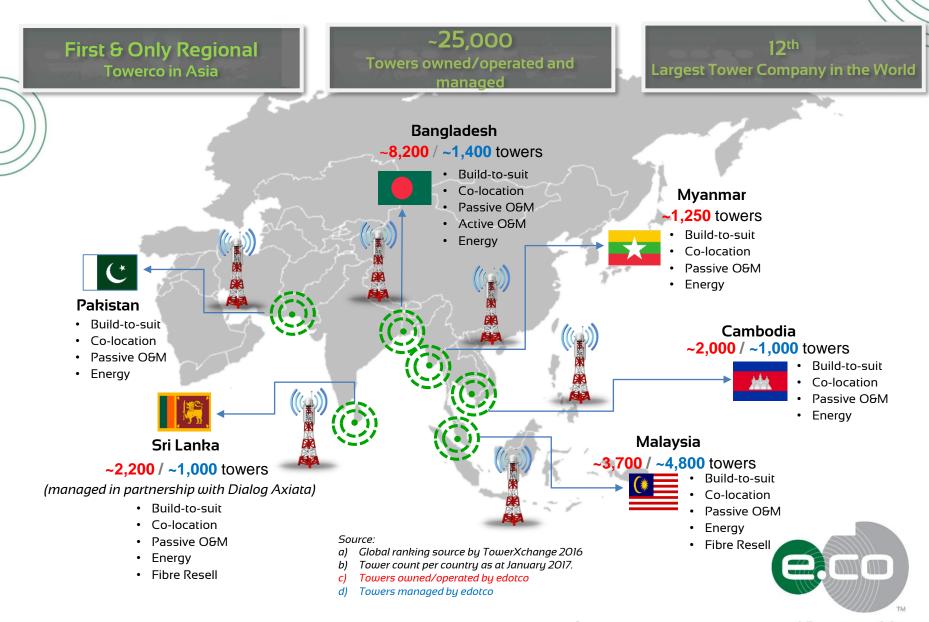


April, 2017



Leading Wireless Infrastructure Provider in Asia



The mobile telecom market will be driving the growth in the tower market

market

share

Mobile and tower industry forecast 133m 157m Total mobile users Total mobile users expected by 2020 in 2015 82% 92% 22% 55% 2020 2015 2015 2020 Fixed broadband Mobile penetration **Smartphone adoption** penetration (3G) (2G) BTRC expected to 99% population 90% population auction 4G LTE spectrum towards coverage coverage beginning of 2017 30,000 towers in Bangladesh currently edotco 12,000 - 15,000 new towers are Bangladesh expected to be built in the next 10 years tower

- **Summary**
- Bangladesh mobile market is still experiencing growth, with mobile penetration forecasted to reach 92% over the next ~5 years
- Smartphone adoption growth (from 22% to 55% in 2020) is expected to drive data demand and data network densification
- Mobile operators will have further coverage requirements in rural areas and for 4G rollout
- In 2015, 3,000 new towers were built and demand continues to grow. On average there are ~4,500 subs / tower, comparatively higher than the mature market benchmark of 1,500 – 2,000 subs / tower
- edotco Bangladesh retains the second largest tower portfolio with a market share of 27%

Source: GSMA Wireless Intelligence, Delta Partners analysis

coverage and data network

densification requirements

New tower demand will be driven by rural

Present Fiberization status in Bangladesh





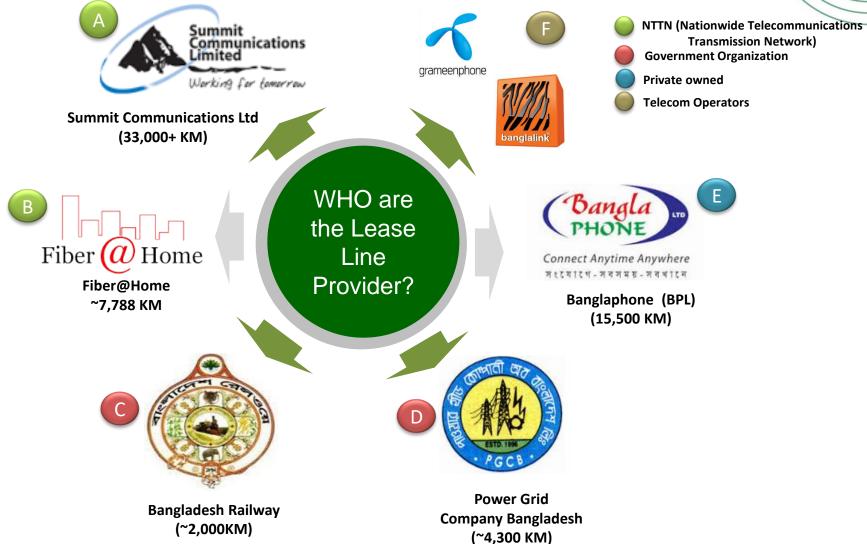
Operators	robi	grameenphone	banglalink	teletalk
Nos of site Footprint	-12,000	~13,000	~8,900	~3,800
Nos of Fiberized sites	2G : 119 (1%)	2G : 1,127 (11%)	2G : 278 (3%)	2G : 1,514 (50%)
	3G : 2,865 (31%)	3G : 1,082 (10%)	3G : 190 (2%)	3G : 1,514 (50%)
Operator's Fiber	Own: 1,185	Own: ~2,185	Own: ~3,000	Own: ~6000KM
Length (km)	Leased: ~5000	Leased: 2,800	Leased: ~1000	Leased: ~3000KM



Present Fiberization status in Bangladesh

Who are the Fiber lease line provider?





Backhaul challenges to deploy 4G/LTE in Bangladesh



BD

Chal	lenges

Details

and services

- **Capacity Enhancement**
- **Country Infrastructure** dynamics
- **TDM Network**
- **Topological Modification**
- **Cost of Ownership**
- **Seamless Transition**

Only 3 NTTN operators (SCL, F@Home & BTCL) are allowed to

LTE will exert additional strain on the existing backhaul capacity of

operators due to increasing consumption of bandwidth hungry applications

Poor footprint countrywide

growth, X2 interface, IP-synchronization)

build/expand Fiber throughout the country

- Lack of Telco standard reliability (SLA, QoS)
- Mostly Overhead laid Fiber & lack of quality installation
- Existing Hybrid/TDM network needs to be upgraded to support full-IP solution for LTE

Existing transport architecture needs to be overhauled for LTE (capacity

- upfront cost is higher for operator's installation decision or leased from other Operators
- Maintain quality while reducing cost per MB
- Seamless transition between 2G/3G and 4G (data & Voice)
- Manage Current networks while migrating to 4G



Lease Line from NTTN Operators

- NTTN Operators are going to expand fiber connectivity under info-sarker project by Y2020.
 - All government offices at the district level (55 offices for each District).
 - All government offices at the upazilla level (30 offices for each Upazilla).
 - Backbone Connectivity from 64 Districts to 421 Upazillas

Network Topology

- Last mile (up to 3 hops) will be with microwave links.
- 100% aggregation and backhaul will be on fibre.
- Last mile fibre will be required for hot spots, enterprise, street solution etc.

Capacity Planning

- For 3G: 10-25 Mbps
- For 4G/LTE :
 - 80% sites with 100-350 Mbps;
 - 20% sites with 500 Mbps 1 GBps
- For 4G/LTE: Traffic forecast till 2021
 - Metro: 350 Mbps 0 1 GBps;
 - Rural : 100 -150 Mbps
- Aggregation link will be 10G and 100G

A new product inspiration of ours from Bangladesh

Move towards greener solutions



Spiraling Bamboo Science Tower to Observe the Amazon Rainforest



Bamboo Scaffolding for Construction



The Strength and Abundance of Bamboo in Nature

A collaboration in R&D

Joint collaborative research -BUET and edotco





Bangladesh University of Engineering and Technology

- •Founded in 1912
- •Oldest engineering institution for the study of engineering, architecture and urban planning in Bangladesh
- ·Largest structural engineering facility in the country.
- •Modern structural software used like SAP2000, ETABS, STRAND7, STAADPro, DIANA



Some Major On-going and Completed Projects by BUET Structural Engineering Division

- •Development of Strategic Transport Plan (STP) for Dhaka Metropolitan Area
- •Development Proposal for Uttara Residential Model Town (3rd Phase) Project
- •20-Storied Commercial Building of Shadharan Bima Corporation
- •Design and Specification of Multistoried Building cum Car Park of Dhaka City Corporation.
- Design of East-West Inter-connector
- •Contribution in the development of the Bangladesh National Building Code.
- •Structural Design of Saidpur Bridge

Pilot System in Operations

1 year planned POC

3

Bracing (diagonal)

21.25



Max tensile force of bamboo= 120kN (allowable tensile force is 45%)

Max compressive force of bamboo=130kN (allowable compressive force is 60%)

Ok

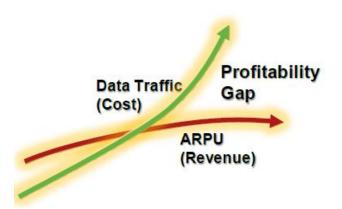
21.26

54.00

78.00

Summary

Managing the Demand and the new commercial dimensions -



New directions for telcos

- In-house Apps
- B2B2C Business Model
- Enable content and Partnerships

Smart infrastructure planning and utilization

- Offload Internet Traffic at edge
- Right cost network backhaul strategy
- Optimal use of transmission assets
- More rigorous sharing of infrastructure

New experiences

- Innovative Services
- 3-Screen Experience
- Shifting quality of Video experience